Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, September 1.—Mr. Whelply, said to be an American, was up at the Mansion House to-day on a charge of forging bills of lading on timber from Quebec.

The *News* to-day says: "When Charles Dickens left this country on his last visit to America, we expressed the hope that he might do service in the cause of peace and good will. Mr. Dickens has not resigned this peaceful mission. Nothing could be in better taste and feeling than his hearty speech at the banquet on Monday evening. His wide and intimate knowledge of his countrymen enables him to express the admiration and esteem which the Harvard men have earned for themselves in England. We hope there will be a return match in America, and feel confident Oxford will meet as brotherly welcome there as Harvard has here. We rejoice that our kinsmen are satisfied with the arrangements made for the race. We trust that for all time there may be no other or less generous rivalry between the pride and flowers of Old and New England. Trans-Atlantic Cambridge has upheld the honor of her ancestral name in patriotism, statesmanship and intellect, and last by dignity in defeat. To the errors of impetuosity and impatience rowing authorities attribute the defeat. These are the excess of the qualities of an old stock, the temperament of a people's youth. What may not the alliance of two such rivals do for the better future of the world!"

The *Standard* protests against the annual recurrence of the international race, and thinks it is hardly right to exact such physical and pecuniary sacrifice every year by severe training. The Harvards won the position to entitle them to come as challengers. A second trial would involve a strain of physique and an interruption of studies which it is not fair to exact for the gratification of the rivalries of the sporting world. The *Standard* trusts the renewal of the contest will be firmly resisted for some years.

The victim of the last agrarian outrage was named Hunter, not Mayo. He was a Scotchman, who had settled as a farmer at Newport, in the county Mayo, where he was killed. The assassin is not yet arreted.

The *Times*, commenting on the crime, regards it as a national misfortune. It shows that savage lawlessness is extending beyond the narrow limits to which it has hitherto been confined. The county Mayo is now stained with atrocities which have disgraced Tipperary and Westmeath.

EDINBURGH, September 1.—Miss Cushman is quite ill at this city.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 1.—The discussion of the *Senatus Consultum* commenced in the Senate to day.

The Emperor to-day presided at the Council of Ministers.

Marshal McMahon has arrived in Paris.

In the Senate to day Prince Napoleon made a speech on the *Senatus Consultum*. He protested his devotion to the Emperor and Prince Imperial and gave in his complete adherence to the proposed reforms, which he hoped were but the beginning of fresh reforms. He denounced as irreconcilable all those who opposed the loyal application of these reforms.

The *Constitutionel* announces the Emperor has recovered from his illness and will probably go to Chalons.

Ratifications of a Convention for laying a telegraph cable between England and South America have been exchanged.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 1.—A messenger has left this city with the Sultan's reply to the letter of the Viceroy of Egypt. It is reported that the Sultan expresses satisfaction with the Pacha's assurances of loyalty, but commands him to sell or transfer to the Turkish government the iron clads and breech-loaders ordered in Europe, keep his forces within prescribed limits, abate taxation, publish his annual budget and abstain from negotiations with foreign governments.

TRIESTE, September 1.—A serious revolt has broken out at Tyranne, European Turkey. Several arrests were made and the Government buildings closely guarded. The authorities were compelled by the menaces of the people to release the prisoners. Subsequently a conflict took place between the guards and people, in which several persons were killed and wounded. Turkish troops are on the way to restore order.

SPAIN.

PARIS, September 1.—The *Constitutionel* says Serrano is daily becoming a more prominent candidate for the throne of Spain.

Two Carlist chieftains have surrendered on the promise that their lives be spared.

Government organs say the re-inforcements about to sail will be sufficient to extinguish the insurrection in Cuba.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, September 1.—The Austrian Cabinet have advised the Viceroy of Egypt to hasten his journey to Constantinople.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, September 1.—Blazier's bust of Humboldt has been successfully cast, and will be shipped to New York.

EGYPT.

CAIRO, September 1. —The Suez canal is completed. The opening is expected on the 17th of December.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 1.—*Evening.*—Consols for money, 93¼. American securities: Five-Twenty Bonds at London, '62s, 84; '63s, old, 83⅜; '67s, 83; 10-40s, 76¼. Sixty Twos at Frankfort, 88⅝@88¾; Erie, 24¼; Illinois, 91¼; French Rentes, 71f. 95c.

TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

National Convention at Chicago—The Question of Forming a Temperance Party for Political Purposes.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 1.—The National Temperance Convention, called for the object of forming a Temperance Party for political purposes, assembled at Farwell Hall, in this city, at eleven o'clock to-day. At the opening of the proceedings about three hundred persons were present in the hall, probably two hundred of whom were delegates.

D. T. Pershing, of Indiana, called the meeting to order, and John Russell, of Michigan, was made temporary Chairman. He thanked the Convention for the brief honor.

J. A. Spencer, of Ohio, and J. G. Brayman, of Illinois, were chosen temporary Secretaries.

Mr. Goodall, of Connecticut, offered a resolution that all delegates be considered as members of the Convention who practice and advocate total abstinence from intoxicating drinks, and who are in favor of the legal prohibition of the manufacture, importation or sale of the same.

Gerritt Smith, of New York, opposed the idea that any one who should not favor the organization of a third distinct political party be allowed to become a member of the Convention.

Chaplain Loserer, of Indiana, was in favor of a third political party. If there was to be a third party, then he and his party were with them; if not, they might be counted out.

Dr. Jewett, of Tennessee, was opposed to that part of the call which advised the dissolution of old political parties. He could not agree to it.

Mr. Ransom, of New Jersey, also opposed the idea. If a new party was the idea, it would rule out two-thirds of all present. They wanted the sentiment of the temperance men of the country. If they desired a third party, it was all right. There was great diversion of opinion on this point.

The meeting then adjourned to attend the noon prayer meeting, and reassembled at three P. M. The discussion in progress at the adjournment was resumed.

Mr. Ransom, of N. J., contended that no temperance men should be excluded from the Convention. Whether he should go the extreme length of forming a new party would have to be decided hereafter.

Mr. Cushing, of Mass., differed from Mr. Ransom, and believed that the call was an invitation for a convention of men in favor of forming a distinct political party.

Mr. Goodall found the call ambiguous, part of it inviting all temperance men to attend, and another inviting only those who were in favor of forming a distinct party founded on temperance principles. He was here for the purpose of organizing such a party.

Gerritt Smith said he wanted this Convention to feel itself shut up to the terms of the call. He denied that the terms of the call were ambiguous; they meant distinct political action, the organization of an independent political party.

Judge Black denied that the terms of the call were not clear and explicit. They meant the formation of a new party.

Mr. Goodall's resolution was laid on the table.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following list of officers: President—Hon. James Black, Pennsylvania. Vice Presidents—Dr. B. F. Ives, Illinois; John Evans, Michigan; Hon. Rodney French, Massachusetts; S. T. Montgomery, Indiana; Thomas Edmondson, Ohio; Rev. C. D. Dillsbury, Wisconsin; O. K. Harris, District Columbia; John T. Ustick, Missouri; M. B. Bartlett, Minnesota; Hon. R. M. Forrest, Pa.; Rev. A. M. Palmer, N. Y.; Wm. M. Ireland, John N. Stearns, N. Y.; Rev. W. H. Green, Iowa; Rev. Wm. Goodall, Conn.; Rev. J. K. Chase, Vt.; Dr. Charles Jewett, Tenn.; E. Z. C. Judson (Ned. Buntline), California. Secretary—J. A. Spencer, Ohio. Assistant Secretaries—John W. Stearns, N. Y.; J. O. Brayman, Illinois; Gec. H. Hicks, Pa. Treasurer—Hon. Gerritt Smith, of New York.

Prof. Clark, of Syracuse, sang a song. Committees of one from each State represented on platform and resolutions and on business were appointed, and after considerable business having reference to details, the Convention adjourned until 7:30 P. M.

The evening session was devoted to speech-making by a number of delegates.

CINCINNATI.

Base Ball—The McPherson Monument—Tobacco Manufacturer Arrested.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 1.—Week after next the Cincinnati Base Ball Club will go to San Francisco, California, to play.

Gens. Hazen, Leggett, Hickenlooper, Buckland and Louis McLane, Esq., of Baltimore, the committee appointed to select a design for the McPherson monument, will meet in this city, September 24th, and make a selection from numerous plans in the possession of Gen. Hickenlooper. The design most likely to be chosen is an equestrian statue in bronze, offered by a competent bidder at the cost of material.

Weather still cold and cloudy, the thermometer ranging from 64 to 68.

John I Robbins, tobacco manufacturer, was arrested to-day for having removed $7,000 worth of unstamped snuff, cigars and tobacco from his factory and secreting the same in sundry buildings rented to him for the purpose.

Ovation To Prince Arthur at Halifax —An Imposing Display.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HALIFAX, August 31.—Prince Arthur left Charlottetown, in the gunboat Dart, at five o'clock this morning, and arrived at Picton by special train at two o'clock. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the inhabitants along the line. At New Glasgow the Prince was presented with an address of welcome, and also at Furo, at which place he took a short drive around town. He arrived at Halifax at six o'clock this evening, and was received by the authorities, who presented him with an address of welcome. In the evening an immense ball was tendered by the garrison in honor of the Prince. The ball room was splendidly decorated, and four hundred couples took part in the dance. The whole affair was elegant.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, September 1, 1869.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Debt bearing interest in coin	$2,107,936,300 00
Debt bearing interest in lawful money	64,780 000 00
Debt bearing no interest	410,474,293 27
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	4,648,486 64
Total debt, principal outstanding	$2,587,839,080 01
Accrued interest to date and Coupons due not presented for payment	38,814,790 30
Total debt, principal and interest	$2,626,653,870 31
Amount in Treasury.	
Coin	$ 161,214,986 71
Currency	12,144,487 10
Sinking Fund	
In U. S. Coin, Interest bonds and interest collected and accrued thereon	14 020,830 60
Other U. S. coin, U. S. interest bonds purchased and accrued interest thereon	23,311,035 00
Amount of public debt, less cash in sinking fund and purchased bonds in Treasury	$2,475 962,601 50
Amount of public debt, less cash and sinking fund and purchased bonds in Treasury on 1st ult.	$2,481,566,738 29
Decrease in Debt.	
Decrease of the public debt during the past month	$5 604,234 79
Decrease since March 4th, 1869	$49 500,758 51

The warrants paid by the Treasury Department during August to meet the expenses of the Government were: Civil, miscellaneous and foreign intercourse, $3,850,421.43; war, $3,534,567.09; navy, $1,-929,445.65; Indians and pensions, $11,474,-217.79—Total, $20,788,652.14. The above does not include payments on account public debt.

The President has appointed Thos. R. Mosley Commissioner to examine the Central Pacific railroad in California.

The President after leaving Washington to-night will be absent two weeks.

Senor Roberto, accompanied by Secretary Fish, called on the President this morning to deliver a sealed letter from the Spanish Regent.

Senor Roberto presented to the President to-day his credentials as Minister from the Spanish Regency. No formal speeches were made, as this was but a continuation of authority. The President, Secretary Fish and Senor Roberto had a brief conversation, which partook more of a social than of a diplomatic character, and in which friendly sentiments were interchanged.

The President has recognized W. F. Rambusch as Vice Consul of Sweden and Norway at St. Paul.

The President to-day appointed John H. Stewart, of Pa., United States Consul at Turks Island, and Isaac Jenkenson, of Ind., Consul at Glasgow, vice Jas. Haggerty.

Governor elect of Virginia, G. C. Walker, had an interview with the President this afternoon.

Gen. F. D. Sewell, late Inspector General of Freedmens Bureau, has been appointed by Commissioner Delano to superintend the resurvey of all distilleries of the country. The work is to be immediately organized with a view to rapidity of action. The country will probably be divided into districts, in each of which the survey will be carried forward at once by persons selected for the purpose.

Senor Domingo Ruiz, one of the Cuban representatives, had a private interview with the President of an hour's duration to-day, the result of which has not transpired.

The base ball match this afternoon between the Unions, of Lansingburg, and Nationals, of this city, resulted, Unions 37, National 24.

D. M. Bauziza, attorney for certain parties in Texas, now under trial before the Military Commission, visited the President and acting Attorney General Field, and received verbal assurances that the arrangements in regard to the *habeas corpus* in the Yerger case would be adhered to in similar cases. The whole matter, however, was referred by the President and acting Attorney General to Mr. Hoar.

The President left to-night for Saratoga.

Serious Railroad Accident in Maine.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BANGOR, Me., September 1.—A terrible accident occurred to-day on the Bangor and Pascataquis Railroad. A construction train was backing over Black Island bridge, four miles above Old town, when the whole train, consisting of two cars, engine and tender, broke through, plunging all on board into the river below. Conductor Woodward was instantly killed, engineer Lander badly scalded, several others badly wounded, and two men missing. The accident was caused by a defective timber. The engineer and one other will probably die. Seven or eight others were more or less injured. An inquest will be held to morrow.

Sheriff Committed for Contempt.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, September 1.—Sheriff A. P. Curry was sent to jail for contempt of Court in refusing to obey a writ of *habeas corpus* from Judge Foult, of the Municipal Court, in the case of Thomas Dickens, indicted for the murder of W. H. Bolton. The Sheriff claims the Court has no jurisdiction in the premises, and has procured a writ of *habeas corpus* before Judge Lee, of the Law Court. The case will come up for decision to-morrow.

Latest From Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, September 1.—General Latorre has resigned in the eastern department.

Count Valmaseda has been appointed Commander in Chief, headquarters in the field.

General Lesca has returned here from San Diego in improved health.

Sugar is firmer and advanced prices are asked.

Outlawry in Texas.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SHREVEPORT, La., September 1.—Intelligence has reached here of a desperate fight between a squad of United States troops and a band of outlaws, headed by one Jack Helm, near San Patricio, Texas. The soldiers attempted to arrest the desperadoes, who resisted, and a bloody encounter ensued, in which four of the outlaws and one soldier were killed and several on both sides wounded.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 1, 1869.

Longfellow, the poet, and family arrived yesterday in the China.

The tenth Spanish gunboat was finished to-day.

A rumor of a new Cuban expedition is founded on the fact that thirty men have gone to Halifax to join the expedition fitting out there. There is no law under which they could be stopped.

In the case of Henry Layton, charged with dealing in counterfeit money, Commissioner Osborne decided to-day the non-production of the money by defendant, he having power to produce it, was a concealment, showing *prima facie* evidence of guilt, and was sufficient to warrant his being held for trial.

Eighty thousand tons of coal were sold at auction to-day at the annexed prices: Lump $6,12@6,70; Steamer $6,97@6,52½; grate $6,50@6,70; egg $6.80@7.00; stove $7,15@7,75; chestnut $6,35@6,60. Most of the lump sold at $6,15, while only 200 tons of stove brought $7,75, and most of the lot of 25,000 tons of stove went at $7,42½@7,47½.

A few flakes of snow fell to day.

The return cricket match between the St. George and New York clubs commenced to-day. New York, first innings, 93; St. George, first innings, 75; New York, second innings, 50 runs, with loss of two wickets. The play was sharp on both sides. It will be continued to-morrow.

The steamer Alaska, from Aspinwall, arrived late to-night.

An extensive conflagration occurred to-night, involving a loss of about $30,000. The fire originated in the lumber yard of Russell Johnson, corner of Broom and Thompson street, and swept through the block to Grand street, damaging a number of stores and dwelling houses. Johnson's loss is $16,000; fully insured.

The base ball match played this afternoon between the champion Eckfords, of Brooklyn, and the Mutuals, of New York, terminated in favor of the Mutuals —28 to 25.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Ground was broken yesterday morning on the Portland & Ogdensburg Railroad.

—The total receipts at the St. Louis Custom House for August amount to $131,689.

—The safe of the Quartermaster at Hays City, Kansas, was robbed on Monday of $1,500.

—At Cleveland, yesterday, the Forest City base ball club beat the Alert, of Rochester, 34 to 29.

—Some of the fractional currency recently issued is said to be so badly printed as to be unfit for use.

—Gov. Lucius Fairchild was yesterday re-nominated for Governor by the Republican Convention, at Madison, Wis.

—Among the paintings destroyed by the fire at Philadelphia, Tuesday night, was Bierstadt's celebrated Yosemite valley.

—Farmers report a slight frost and thin ice on standing water throughout Dutchess county, New York, yesterday morning.

—The loss by the recent fire in Chestnut street, Philadelphia, is estimated at $80,000 to $100.000, mostly on paintings; insurance $50,000.

—Early yesterday morning an unsuccessful atempt was made to blow open the safe in the vault of the Savings Bank in Rochester, N. H.

—An extensive vein of bituminous coal has been discovered at Cowelsville, Wyoming county, about twenty-five miles from Buffalo, N. Y.

—Dexter trotted a mile in 2:21¾, to a road wagon, at Prospect Park, N. Y., on Tuesday. He was driven by Mr. Bonner, his owner, on the occasion.

—A private letter from Jeff Davis states that the accounts of his ill health are exaggerated. He probably will reside in the United Kingdom the rest of his life.

—The proprietor of the Savannah (Ga.) *Morning News* assaulted the deputy postmaster for an alleged affront, in refusing to deliver the mails to that journal.

—Gerhardt Eilers, a German, addicted to whiskey, and disappointed in love, was found hanging to a tree near the St. Louis (Mo.) county farm yesterday morning.

—Boynton, the pearl diver, was only held as a witness in the investigation of the origin of the fire at Cape May, and was discharged, there being no evidence to criminate him.

—John Fields, who had been on trial for five days at Williamsport, Pa., and who has twice attempted suicide, and once broke away from the sheriff, was yesterday found guilty of murder in the first degree.

—A dispatch from Mount Washington, Tuesday evening, reports a heavy storm there. Ice formed on the telegraph wires two inches in thickness, breaking them down in places. The thermometer fell to twenty eight degrees.

—The N. O. *Picayune* published yesterday forty-five names which Geo. Gridley swears are those of Democrats employed by Casey in the Custom House. Ex-Treasury Agent Schenck has gone to Washington with the documents.

—There is trouble in the First National Bank of Albany, N. Y., with the cashier, Adam Van Allen, a gentleman who has borne the highest reputation. He says he intends to remain and face all charges which may be brought against him.

—Sixteen delegates from the New England States left Boston yesterday morning for San Francisco, as representatives in the Annual Communication of the United States Lodge of Odd Fellows, to be held in that city the last of the present month.

—The Directors of the First National Bank, at Albany, publish a statement that the resignation of the late cashier did not arise from any defalcation in his accounts or any deficiency in the assets of the bank, but for causes which have no connection with the assets or stability of the bank.

—A Washington dispatch states that no information in regard to the action of Spain on the proposition to sell Cuba has yet been received at the State Department. The agreement to which Cuba consents is to pay the price of the public buildings in the island and her share o the public debt, the independence of the island to be conceded first.

Hoosac Tunnel—History and Progress of the Work.

A correspondent of the Titusville *Herald* furnishes the following interesting sketch of a visit to the Hoosac tunnel. He says: Don an old oil suit—cover your intellectual brow with a rubber cap—pendant from which an ample cape descends gracefully over your symmetrical shoulders—insert a blazing miner's lamp into the frontispiece of the cap aforesaid, jump on the platform of a machine similar in some respects to the elevator of a first-class hotel—give the signal, and down you drop into a dismal shaft. As you descend your sensations will probably be novel, unless you are *accustomed to nightmare*, in which case you won't mind it much. If you are at all imaginative you may easily fancy that the fairy tales in which you revelled in childhood are being realized—that you are actuaally en route for the regions peopled with genii, dwarfs, and gnomes. Three hundred and fifty feet below daylight, the machine strikes bottom with a thump, that almost shoots you "like coals from a shovel" into a gloomy cavern, in which you can at first see nothing but hundreds of miners' lights, which are bobbing around in a strange sort of will-o'wisp dance. You feel around in the darkness for the friendly dwarf who is to protect you from the antics and tricks of his fellow goblins, half expecting meanwhile that some elfin will twitch your cap from your head, or knock it over your eyes and trip you on your nose. Nothing of the kind occurs, however; you only stumble over the iron track of a horse railway, and this together with a familiar brogue, "Pat, let the gintilman pass," and "Mike, bring your pick this way," dispels all your underground fancies. Our visit consisted mainly in groping about over the masses of broken gueiss, granite and quartz, and dodging gangs of laborers, shower baths from overhead, and avoiding plunge baths underfoot, for the roof of this tunnel is a leaky affair; so leaky in fact, that our conductor tells us that before proper drainage was effected, he was boated its entire length in three feet of water. Just as we approach the "heading," a blast of powder envelopes us in a dense sulphurous fog, and prevents our further advance, so we conclude to take the rest for granted, and wade out. Before returning, we ask how deep under ground we are at this point, and are informed "about 1,500 feet." We are satisfied—so back we go—jump into the elevator, and in a few minutes are suddenly ushured into blinding sunlight and fresh air. The transition is as if the noonday sun should burst suddenly upon us in a cold foggy midnight.

This tunnel is designed to shorten the distance from Troy to Boston, in order to enable the latter to compete with New York for the through traffic of the great West. The incipient steps were taken twenty years ago, and the undertaking has brought three heavy contracting firms to insolvency.

Eleven years ago it was taken hold of by the State of Massachusetts, and that Commonwealth has sunk nearly five millions of dollars in getting into the mountain only 5,800 feet at the east side and 4,500 feet at the west end. At the outset the State proposed to do a big thing. A Yankee invented a machine for which he was paid the modest sum of $65,000. It was designed to cut a core the exact size of the required tunnel. It was like an immense cart-wheel, armed at the rim with steel points or knives, which projected at right angles from the face of the wheel. The wheel was shoved broad side to the mountain and caused to revolve by powerful machinery. After working a year at an additional cost of $65,000, and progressing exactly 36 feet, making the excavation cost a little over $36,000 per foot, the machinery was thrown aside and sold for old iron. The hole was likewise abandoned and a new one commenced in a fresh spot. Recently a contract has been made with a Canadian firm, Messrs. F. Shandley & Co., who have undertaken to complete the tunnel in seven years, from June last, for $4,750,000, so that in 1876 Massachusetts expects to have a ten million dollar hole five miles long. This lavish expenditure of greenbacks has caused considerable grumbling among the Plymouth Rockers and Cape Codfishers, and they were at one time ready to abandon the enterprise as a "dry hole" not worth exploding another torpedo in; but a "lightning calculator" in their Legislature "ciphered out" that, if completed, the tunnel traffic would at least pay the interest on $10,-000,000, therefore it was better to borrow that amount and go ahead, than to stop where they were and have to pay the interest on the $500,000 already expended, with no prospect whatever of any reimbursement; besides it was a matter of State pride not to back down on whatever they undertook. These arguments prevailed, bonds were issued, the "needful" raised, and Massachusetts is punching away at old Hoosac.

G. M. Mowbray, is rendering very efficient assistance in opening the crevices and cracking the ribs of this old giant with his Tri Nitro Glycerine. The "Professor" has a cozy room fitted up in his factory, and usually sleeps with a ton or so of pure nitro-glycerine within a stone's throw of his bed side. "Phancy the phelinks" of a nervous man amid such surroundings; but it does'nt disturb the equanimity of either Mr. Mowbray or his companions.

He remarked to the writer that he had all his life been seeking a safe business, and that he had at last found it in the manufacture of nitro glycerine. He has recently entered into a contract with Gen. Newton, who has charge of Hell Gate, to explode under it a little torpedo that shall contain four tons of nitro-glycerine. He expects with such a blow up to be able to knock the underpinning from that redoubtable obstruction to the navigation of the East river.

A YOUNG MAN of limited intelligence, who was recovering from a long fit of sickness, being informed by his physician that he "might venture now upon a little animal food," exclaimed, "No you don't, doctor, I've suffered enough on your gruel and stuff, and hang me if I'll touch any of your hay and oats."

FRAULEIN TINNE, whose death was chronicled Saturday, has been engaged for several years in explorations of Africa, undertaken at her own expense. She started from Tripoli on the 28th of January of the present year, and arrived at Moorsook, in Fezzan, after a jonrney of about two months duration. She traveled leisurely, her caravan consisting of more than fifty persons and seventy camels. All her followers, with one exception, were either Arabs or negroes, and she herself dressed like an Arab lady. She was looked upon by the Arabs with the greatest respect, and they called her "Bent-er Rey," that is Queen's Daughter." Her long sojourn and travels in the Orient produced a total abhorrence of European habits, and she became embittered against everything European. Before starting upon her last journey she determined to go even further in getting rid of everything not African about her, and so left her own and her servants' watches in Tripoli, in order to have nothing, as she expressed it, "to remind her of the hated civilization." But she soon found the need of something by which to know how time flies, and was compelled to write to the Dutch Consul at Tripoli, requesting him to send her a time keeper, not a European, but an Arabian sand clock or hour-glass. She was a zealous collector of plants, and had a number of camels loaded solely with blotting paper and immenee collections of plants. On her last journey Miss Tinne intended to proceed from Moorsook southward to Bornou, and return over Kordofan and Egypt.

NEAR Bucyrus, O., a few days ago, while W. Kalb was at work in the field, he felt an impulse to go to the house, and on passing through the yard he thought he heard a faint cry for help come from the well. He looked in, but saw nothing, just as he turned to leave, a neighbor, who accidentally came by, was attracted by a similar cry, and also looked into the well, where he saw Mr. Kalb's little grand-daughter, only six years old, clinging to the wall, supported by a small stick. It seems that, playing near the well, she had dropped a plaything in, and, in trying to reach it with a rake, had fallen in herself. She was taken out from the water, which was fifteen feet deep.

STEPHEN MURPHY, a resident of La-Salle, Ills., a carpenter by trade, committed a horrible murder on August 25. While in a state of beastly intoxication he knocked down his wife, and beat her with a boot until her face and body were a complete jelly. Her screams were heard tor many blocks. Murphy committed the deed in presence of his own daughter, who saw her mother die this unnatural death without the power to help her. Murphy is about forty-five years of age, and the deceased was nearly of the same age. He is now in jail.

A SWISS JOURNAL mentions that the neighborhood of Mendrisio, in the Ticino, is infested with a plague of black caterpillars, which enter the houses, creep into the beds, and cause painful swellings by their touch. Some persons have endeavored to protect their dwellings by having a tram of sulphur around, but to no avail. Thousands of these insects have been killed, but the number does not seem to decrease. In some localities prayers have been offered up for the removal of this scourge.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, September 1.—Cotton market dull: middling uplands sold at 13¼d; Orleans 13⅜@13¾d.; the sales were 8,-000 bales. California white Wheat, 10s. 10d; red western, 9s. 6d@9s. 7d. Western Flour 24s. 9d. Corn, 30s. 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 107s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. 6d. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 67s. Tallow 47s. 9d. Refined Petroleum 1s. 7d.

LONDON, September 1.—Tallow easier at 46s 9d. Sugar firm; on spot 40s@40s 6d; afloat 28s 6 l. Petroleum at Antwerp 55¼f. Cotton at Havre 162f.

NEW ORLEANS, September 1.—Cotton quiet; sales of 89 bales at 32c for middlings; receips—81 bales. Flour firm and the market bare; sales of superfine and double extra at $6, treble extra $6,50. Corn at 97½c@$1 for mixed, and $1,05 for white. Oats at 65@66c. Bran $1,02. Hay $26@27. Pork he. lat $35,50. Bacon firmer; shoulders at 16¾c, sides at 19¾@19¾c. Lard: tierce at 20½c, keg at 22½@23c. Sugar inactive; common at 11@12c, prime at 14@14¼c. Molasses at 60@70c for reboiled. Whisky weaker; western rectified at $1,25@1,30. Coffee dull; fair 14¾@15¾, prime 16¼@16¾. Gold 132⅝. Sterling 145½. New York sight ¼ per cent. premium.

CHICAGO, September 1.—At open board in the afternoon there was a moderate movement in grain markets under more favorable advices from other markets and prices a shade firmer than at the close of 'change. No. 2 Wheat sold at $1,28@1,28½ seller the month, and $1,28½ seller the last half, closing easier. Corn steady at 87½@87¾c for No. 2 seller the month, and 88c on spot. Oats inactive and prices nominal. Barley; sales 5,000 bush No. 2 at $1,25 seller September. In the evening the market was steady, with sales 5,000 bush No. 2 Wheat at $1,27¾, closing quiet at $1,27½ seller the month. Corn sold to a limited extent at 87½c cash, the closing rate. Lake Freights and Provisions dull.

BUFFALO, September 1.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat: holders firm; sales of 15,000 bushels No. 1 red Toledo at $1,43, to arrive; 7,500 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee at $1,40, with a light demand. Corn steady; sales of 28,000 bushels No. 2 western at 97c; car lots at 93@98c. Oats steady; sales of 40,000 bushels No. 2 western at 51½@52c; 6,000 bushels old at 51c. Rye retailing at $1,17. Pork easier, $34@34.50. Lard steady, 19½c. High-wines dull, $1,15 for retail lots.

OSWEGO, September 1.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firm but quiet; No, 1 Milwaukee Club is held at $1,50, No. 2 do at $1,44@1,45; sales last night were made of 7,700 bush No. 1 at $1,47. Corn held at $1,09 for No. 1. Canal freights on wheat 10c, corn 9c to New York. Lake imports were 31,700 bush wheat, 158,000 corn. Canal exports were 22,600 bush wheat, 35,000 bush corn.

NASHVILLE, Sept. 1.—Wheat market easier; red $1,10, amber $1,15, white $1.20. Oats 60c. Corn $1. Barley $1,10. Rye 90c. Bacon sides 19½c, shoulders 16¾c. Hams 20c. Lard 21½c. Flour $8,50 per bbl for the best brands.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE HAM-ERICAN RACE.

BY ORPHEUS C. KERR.

'Twas by the wayside, near a Southern town,
I spied a sage beneath a tree reclining;
His old straw hat was guiltless of a crown:
His pantaloons had less of cloth than lining.
Addressing him about the latest news,
I quickly found him by his salutation,
A man of boundless and erroneous views,
And vast and various misinformation.

"I reckon you're a Yankee, come," said he,
"Upon some sneaking mission or another,
To see how being Equalized and Free
Agrees with him you call your colored brother.
Extinction waits on him, with all his rights,
So freely given by your laws confounded!
He'll keep attacking the defenceless whites,
Till all the colored race are killed or wounded.

"In New Orleans—behold the lesson taught!—
When in Convention certain blacks assembled,
A sound of peaceful throngs outside was caught,
And in the hall the blacks bloodthirsty trembled.
Then through the windows, lobbies, outer gate,
By the armed Caucasian race surrounded,
Then Freedmen sallied in their murderous hate,
And nineteen colored men were badly wounded.

"In Central Georgia, several months ago,
The sons of Africa held a Loyal meeting,
And divers White Men went to see the show
And give the speakers friendly Southern greeting.
But lo! when speaking had gone on a spell,
And all the air with loyal words resounded,
Upon the hapless Whites the negroes fell,
And nineteen colored men were badly wounded.

"In old Virginia, at a rural place,
Where many African had come for voting,
The merest handful of the Higher Race
Were looking on and minor matters noting;
When at a fancied insult some voice refused,
The blacks infuriate on the handful bounded,
Their knives and pistols mercilessly used,
And fourteen colored men were badly wounded.

"So, at the Capital of all the States—
Your boasted Washington, the placid city—
That was, in journals of the proper dates,
Correct reports of what should move your pity;
The town election rallied countless blacks,
Who armed and maddened and to riot bounded,
Made on the unresisting Whites attacks,
And fifteen colored men were badly wounded.

"Yet, furthermore: of late, in Tennessee,
Where Stokes was beaten at the polls by Senter,
The savage negroes, armed from head to knee,
Seemed on a fight than on their votes intenter;
To vent some petty disappointment spite,
Upon the plea of some vague charge unfounded,
They turned with fury on a single White,
And sixteen colored men were badly wounded.

"The race Ham-erican is dying out!"
The sage concluded, with a dismal gesture;
And left me victim of amazing doubt,
While he went on in ragged vesture.
If Southern Whites, unarmed, so deadly are
To Southern Colored men full armed and banded,
How much more fatal would they be by far
If by the Reconstruction laws unhanded!

EPHEMERIS.

—Mr. Peabody is in Philadelphia.

—A new dancer is called Napoleon Eugene.

—The Susan Galton opera troupe is in Baltimore.

—Bryant is the literary lion at Newport this season.

—Governor Hoffman's father is thought to be dying.

—In Vineland, N. J., grapes are six cents per pound.

—Chicago has a new paper in German and English both.

—Bierstadt is coming home to America early in this month.

—A young woman wants to be postmaster of Cincinnati.

—In Massachusetts there are 9,500 members of the G. A. R.

—There is said to be a flourishing Fenian circle up in Alaska.

—A Mr. Armot, of New York, went up Mont Blanc this year.

—Gen. Torbert arrived at New York from Europe on Monday.

—Four hundred Tennessee negroes are about to emigrate to Florida.

—Some of the new twenty-five cent notes will be issued this week.

—Bulwer's son Henry is writing the biography of Lord Palmerston.

—From two to three dollars is the daily profit of a New York rag picker.

—India rubber decoy ducks, with a real quack, can now be purchased.

—Chinese laborers in California have learned to strike for higher wages.

—Mark Twain's great moral drama is called "A night in ten bar rooms."

—A man in Manchester, England, is about to pay Millais $10,000 for painting his portrait.

—After all, the Harvards can console themselves that their defeat was four-oar-dained.—*World.*

—The Scotch Free Masons must be a poor lot. The Prince of Wales has been made their patron.

—A child died, out in Ohio the other day, from the effects of a bite in the nose, admistered by a rat.

—In spite of some rain the Schuylkill has not risen any, and water gets scarcer in the Quaker City.

—Miss Kate Bateman, the greatest native American actress alive, is on her way home from England.

—Six thousand pounds of seal, in three living parcels, were recently shot in Essex river, Mass.

—"Napoleon has become very gray." No wonder; "Heir die" would be fatal to his hopes.—*N. O. Times.*

—The New York Democrats are splitting badly into two parties. The Tammanys and the Manhattans.

—A sixteen year old Cincinnatian is writing a tragedy which embraces the massacre of St. Bartholomew.

—In some parts of Arkansas the ice crop was very small and ice water sells at the bars for twenty-five cents a drink.

—Four Americans, in Paris, are negotiating for the purchase of the Heidsieck Champagne establishment at Rhiems.

—A Buffalo man wants to supply his fellow-citizens with the current time through pipes connected with a sun-dial.

—49 is the number of Heber C. Kimball's children, and two of them are called Sarah M. All the rest have different names.

—Miss Ida Lewis has accepted an invitation to visit Philadelphia as the guest of the Sailors Snug Harbor and the Marine Infirmary.

—It is said that Theodore Tilton did not wear the bloomer costume when he attended the Woman's Convention at New York.

—The North German *Correspondent* says "the Collossal bust of Humboldt, which was modelled by Professor Blaeser, has been successfully cast in bronze by Howald, in Brunswick. It is intended for New York and will cost about 17,000 thalers.

—Norfolk has an ordinance by which only eight boot blacks are allowed to work in the city, and each of those has his own district.

—Simmons, late of the Harvard crew has gone to Heidelberg to pursue his studies, having gone as far as American colleges can take him.

—St. Augustine has become a favorite summer resort for Southerners. Cool breezes, fine bathing and even temperature are its attractions.

—While a mother was brooding over her poverty, her little son said, "Mamma, I think God hears when we scrape the bottom of the barrel!"

—Eighteen American women announce they are willing to lecture next winter. We pity their husbands, if they have any, if they should fail in public.

—A woman in Paris has been detected driving a brisk trade by stealing wreaths of immortelle from the graves of Pere la Chaise, and re selling them.

—We had a white frost yesterday morning; just such a one as cracks open the watering places and lets our people drop out, quite ripe for home.

—Gen. Grant met Ida Lewis at Newport and made her a very pretty little speech, in which he called her "one of the heroic, noble women of the age."

—On Monday evening a Frenchman named Bebin was knocked down in Broadway, New York, and robbed of 2,800 francs in gold and a gold watch.

—It seems that a daughter of John W. Forney is the belle of Cape May. This makes the tenth young lady we have heard spoken of as enjoying that enviable position.

—The right to use the fence, surrounding the new New York post-office site, for advertising purposes, has been sold for $15,000. The fence will only stand for about two years.

—At Stockholm, Sweden, when a sewer was dug recently, the hull of a vessel was found eleven feet under ground, which is estimated to have been there about three hundred years.

—If a Mormon Elder loses but half a hundred of his offspring he usually considers himself fortunate, but if the number reaches seventy or eighty he begins to be alarmed for the rest of the family.

—A thermometer which has been kept for seventy-five years in the vaults of the Paris observatory, at a depth of ninety-one feet below the surface, has not varied more than half a degree during the interval.

—It is said that Gough says he thinks the temperance business better than any other he could engage in. He makes a very fine income out of it, but people do say that his interest is greater than his principle.

—John Morrissey complimented the Haymakers B. B. Club by saying he had bet $10,000 on them, and has $10,000 more to invest in the same way, besides a son whom he intends shall play in their first nine.

—A gentleman one day indiscreetly asked a lady how old she was. "Let me see. I was 18 when I was married, and my husband was 30; now he is twice 30, and that is 60; so of course I am twice 18, that is 36."

—Mrs. Jane McArthy, a venerable widow residing in Switzerland county, Indiana, recently discovered an old leather sack containing $1,950, in silver coin, that was hidden by her grandmother forty-one years ago.

—When Mazzini was expelled from the southern cantons of Switzerland, he was elected a free citizen of Zurich, a fact which so affected Mr. Swinburne that he has written a sonnet about it for the *Fortnightly Review.*

The following incident is related by a Southern gentleman as a part of his own experience:

His second "court" after his admission to the bar was in Washington, Georgia. There were then no railroads or stages between those towns. He had no horse, and was too proud to try to borrow one where he lived. The whole distance was beyond his strength, should he undertake it on foot. He walked to his uncle's, which was about ten miles, or half the distance, and a little out of the way, carrying his saddle-bags with a change of clothes on his shoulders. He walked at night to avoid the July sun, and rested on wayside stones. The uncle lent him a horse, and he proceeded the next morning. The change of clothes consisted in part of a pair of thin, white cotton *pants*, of cheap material, suitable to the season, and starched into the appearance of linen. That he might enter the town and court-room as decent as possible he dismounted near the suburbs, and doffing the somewhat worn unmentionables with which he set out, put on the white ones in their stead, and so attended court in *white pants.* They were taken off with equal care when he again rode out of town. Such were the early straits of the Confederate Vice-President Stephens.

A Saratoga correspondent of the Boston *Traveller* gives the following description of the make-up of a lady who appears at one of the hotels in that rendezvous of fashion and folly, and who, and old bachelor lounger sneeringly says, evidently needs but the ballot to render her

A perfect woman, nobly planned,

indeed a very "phantom of delight." Here is the bill of particulars:

"Mrs. M——, from the Hub, appeared yesterday in the most gorgeous costume of the season, at the Clarendon, where she is spending a few weeks. Her dress consisted of a magnificent corile-tinted satin, cut with the long train (12½ feet), low neck and short sleeves. The meterial is said to have cost $100 per yard, while the gorgeous trimming of white point lace, valued at $75 per yard, and a point lace shawl worth $750, made up the dress, and jewelry, diamonds in the hair, and other ornaments, made a toilet reported to be worth $35,000.

THE HUMMING BIRD.

I am particularly blessed with humming birds. I can hardly look out of a window on any side of the house, morning or evening, that I do not see one or more of them coquetting with flowers. Of all the hundreds of humming birds described by Gould—and Professor Agassiz informs me that in South America there are literally thousands of species—we have but a single species, the ruby-throat. This tiny creature is hardly substantial enough to be the shadow of a plump robin. But it is a bird of great spirit, and of singular power. That vibration of wing by which it is enabled to hang suspended at the mouth of a flower, so still that the eye cannot detect a motion, must require extraordinary power. It does not seem to fly, but to glance off from one spot to another. It is more like a flash of light than a veritable piece of wing travel. The battles of the humming birds are worthy to be described by Homer. Battles? Yes. It is a fierce and pugnacious little beauty. This may easily and frequently be observed at the pairing time, during the last week of May or early June. When an accepted lover sees some gay Lothario approaching his matrimonial bower, he darts at him with such whirling fury that midges must think it a battle of eagles. Whether they drive their sharp little bills at each other, no mortal eye can discern. But they dash upon and beat each other with their pretty wings like enraged fairy warriors. Of course the interloper, not having the moral support of an approving conscience, is defeated. He must be a poor humming bird that could not whip twice his weight of humming birds when his darling love sits just behind him ready to take his rival, should her husband fall in the conflict of perilous love. But if the dear ruby throat comes off conqueror, his mate is more proud of him than ever, and their caresses are sweet and nimble to an amusing degree.

It is generally supposed that humming birds feed upon the honey of flowers. Doubtless they do in part. But they are not quite so etherial as to live upon that wholly or chiefly. Without neglecting the honey, they feed mainly upon the insects which resort to flowers for the honey. Honey and meat make a very good humming-bird diet.

Their long, needle-like bill is admirably fitted to probe the tubes of the honeysuckle and the deep-seated cells of other flowers. There is a regular division of the different feeding-grounds among birds. The robin does not forage on the hunting grounds of the fly-catcher. These do not meddle with the sphere of swallows, &c.

Thrushes, blackbirds, grackles, bobolinks, meadow larks, and such like, find their food chiefly upon the ground, grubs of locusts and beetles, the beetles themselves, grasshoppers, crickets, the larvæ of insects, together with earth-worms, cut-worms, caterpillars, &c. Woodpeckers, tomtits, nut-hatches, take charge of the trunks and branches of the trees, and find their food in crevices of the bark, and in holes.

Still another class of birds, such as sylvans and fly-catchers, hover about the foliage of trees, and catch the flying insects which abound there. But in the great air above all, swallows, martins, whippoorwills, night hawks, &c., pursue their insect food. Still other kinds divide off to themselves, some swamps, some the sands of the shore, and some the waters of lakes and seas.

In this great winged army which labors all Summer to subdue the myriad-host of insect enemies—and who maintain their place in creation by the semi-omnipotence of fecundity—belongs the humming bird. He finds his meat awaiting him in the lap of beauty. He goes to market in honeysuckles, and finds his fragrant shambles in the glowing and perfumed tubes and bells of glowing flowers. He has no song. His note is like the squeak of a mouse, or the metallic gratings of some kinds of beetles. Of what use the brilliancy of his plumage is I cannot imagine. The focus of color is under his bill where he cannot see it himself, and he flies so swiftly that no one else can see it.

Although this brilliant little bird attacks and drives all common birds with the greatest ease, yet Audubon states that it is itself sometimes chased by humble-bees—which all good boys pronounce bumble-bees—although the humming-bird pays no attention to the pursuer, but goes about its business without deigning to notice it. On this account, no doubt, the conceited bee imagines that no humming-bird dares give him battle! I have seen bumble-bees chasing humming-birds in other spheres of life. A gay and charming creature, just seventeen, seems to arouse certain pragmatical and stupid old gentleman to extraordinary efforts. Everybody laughs. It is rare sport for her, and rare sport for the knowing company. And yet, sometimes, a rich old fellow of fifty captures his prey. An owl married to a song-sparrow! A beetle and a glow-worm! A bumble-bee and a humming-bird!

Such misalliances furnish us a funeral and a wedding in one.—*N. Y. Ledger.*

Battle Creek, Michigan, is the headquarters—the Jerusalem, the Mecca or the Geneva, if there be any ground for choice—for the sect known as "Seventh Day Adventists," in the Northwest. Their newspaper organ and general publication office established here. A large section of the Northwest quarter of the city is mainly built up by them, adding much to the population and wealth of the town. Saturday is kept as their Sabbath, with the same earnestness and solemnity that Sunday is observed by other sects. On Friday evening the arm of industry rests its weary muscles, which are not again brought into action until Sunday morning. On Saturday, while the hum of business is uppermost in the principal part of the town, the bell of the little Advent chapel rings its devotional peal, and old and young, in their modest Sunday suits, are seen wending their way to church. From this conscientious difference in belief, has grown a generous spirit of toleration on all hands, and the Adventists and their orthodox brethren hold each other in mutual and kindly esteem and respect.

A New York City railway company has adopted the theatre plan of selling secured seats. A passenger may buy a ticket, at a small advance, with a coupon or number, which gives him a seat in the cars. Some of the papers praise this proceeding as if it were an extraordinary concession or favor to travelers. Whereas, every railway company is bound to provide a seat, and generally does, for every passenger, at no advance upon the regular rate of fare. The car seats are to be numbered, as at the theatre, and tickets issued to correspond.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,

Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Gradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
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CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE.
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco Imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.
jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.
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MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore existing between MARY MEREDITH and WM. C. MEREDITH, engaged in the retail Grocery Business, at No. 256 Sandusky street, was dissolved on August 2d, 1869. All accounts will be settled by the undersigned; also, the undersigned will pay no debts contracted by WM. C. MEREDITH after this date.
au25:n45. MARY MEREDITH.

FURNISHING GOODS.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS.

PUTNAM & ADAMS
WILL CLOSE OUT AT
Greatly Reduced Prices,
The Balance of their Extensive Stock of
SUMMER GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
Gauze Cotton Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Merino Undershirts & Drawers.
Gauze Silk Undershirts and Drawers.
Lisle Thread Undershirts & Drawers.
LINEN, JEAN AND
MUSLIN DRAWERS,
INCLUDING THE CELEBRATED
PATENT PANTALOON DRAWERS,
AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
At Very Low Prices.
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
TIES, BOWS,
SUMMER SCARFS,
ALL REDUCED.
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
MEN'S HALF HOSE.
A LARGE LOT OF
FANCY SHIRTS
To be Closed Out Very Cheap.
THE
"QUAKER CITY FINE SHIRTS,"
Of which we are the Sole Agents for this City, are unsurpassed in quality, style, make and excellence of fit.
It is a make of Shirts that has become Standard, and for which the demand is
STEADILY INCREASING.
We have these Shirts in all sizes
FOR EYELETS AND STUDS,
ALSO,
To Open at the Back.
FINE DRESS SHIRTS
MADE TO ORDER.
Also, Wholesale Agents for the Celebrated
"NORWICH MOLDED"
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
SARATOGA,
NEWPORT,
NIAGARA,
At Manufacturers Prices.
PUTNAM & ADAMS
72 Fifth Avenue,
au5-THST OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

CARPETS.

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

NEW FALL STOCK.
OF
CARPETS,
The First in the Market
AND
THE CHEAPEST.
CHOICE PATTERNS
Two-ply and Three-ply
CHEAP INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE FINEST LINE OF
BODY BRUSSELS
Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.
Save time and money by buying from
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
au25:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
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OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
of private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, prurities, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
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PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1, 1869.

Business generally is moderately active, being about as brisk as is usually the case at this season of the year, though it might be much better, as there is plenty of room for improvement. Our Grain market continues dull and with liberal arrivals, and a supply in excess of the present demand, prices are tending downward, and as there is no margin for shipment, whatever inquiry there is, comes from home buyers.

The feeling all along has been that prices were too much inflated, and it is not to be expected that buyers will take hold very freely until the market becomes more firmly established. Flour, also, is dull and weak, with a drooping tendency, and it too, it is probable, will rule lower, in sympathy with wheat. Groceries dull, but unchanged, and the same is true of provisions.

APPLES—Continue quiet and unchanged: sales at $1@3 per bbl.

BUTTER—Prime to choice is in demand, at the advance, with sales at 26@28@30.

BERRIES—Sales of prime fresh Blackberries at 90 to $1 per bucket.

CHEESE—May be quoted at 15@17 cents—the outside figure for New York Goshen.

CEMENT—Johnstown Hydraulic Cement is quoted at $2,25 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—The demand is rather better, as the season is just about opening up, and jobbers will soon have plenty of orders; we continue to quote at 28 cents for standard brands, that is for 25 or 50 bbl lots.

EGGS—Sales at 15@16.

FEATHERS—Dull; quoted at 80@85 cents to the trade, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

FLOUR—The market is quiet and dull, with a drooping tendency, though unchanged. We continue to quote at $7@7,50 for fair to choice western spring and winter wheat brands.

GRAIN—Wheat is dull and drooping, and cannot fairly be quoted above $1,33@1,35. Oats dull, though arrivals are falling off, and holders are not so anxious to realize; sales in store, at 48@50. Rye dull—buyers only offering $1,10@1,12. Corn very dull, with sales of prime ear at 98@$1. Barley quiet, with a drooping tendency, though, as yet, unchanged, $1,20@1,25.

HAY—Is dull and unchanged—$15@20 per ton, as to quality.

HIGHWINES—Lower, in sympathy with the decline in the west; we now quote at $1,20@1,22.

HEMP—Very dull, $205 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—White Lime is quoted at $1,50, and Cleveland at $2,50 per bbl.

LARD OIL—F. Sellers & Co. quote Extra No. 1, at1,43, and No. 2, at$ 1,05@1,08

MELONS—Sales at $18@27 per 100, as to size, condition and quality.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 50@55 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Bacon, Sohulders, 15¾; Ribbed Sides, 18½; Clear do, 19½; Sugar Cured Hams, 23@23½. Lard, 20¾ in tirces, 21 in half bbls, and 21½ in buckets and kegs. Mess Pork, $33¾@34. Dried Beef. 22.

POTATOES—Sales of sweets at $5@6 per bbl. The outside figure for Jerseys.

PEANUTS—Have still further advanced, and we now quote at 15.

PLUMS—Sales at $4 to $4,50 per bushel.

PEARS—$2@3 per bbl.

PEACHES—Sold to day at from $1,50 to $2 for fair to good, and $2,50 for choice.

SEEDS—There is nothing doing in Clover or Flaxseeds. Small sales of Timothy at $4,75.

SALT—Is quoted at $1,75 by the car load, and $2 for small lots in store.

TALLOW—Rendered quoted at 10½.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, September 1, 1869.

The new month does not open up well, if to-day is to be taken as a fair sample, as the volume of business was very light and insignificant. Dullness and stagnation still continue to be the order of the day, and the trade is devoid of that bouyancy and activity with which it should be characterized at this season of the year: and, what is worse still, there are no indications at present of any immediate improvement. It is true Antwerp is again reported better, but this does not amount to much, as the improved advices from Europe, thus far at least, have had no visible effect; in fact, as noted yesterday, oil is now lower with Antwerp at 55¼, than it was when Antwerp was down to 51 and 52. It would appear that New York is determined to keep prices down, as they are reported as being largely "short," and they are resorting to all kinds of strategy to gain their point, and thus, far it must be conceeded, they have been successful. It is probable, however, that the material falling off in the shipments, both here and at Cleveland, will change the situtation somewhat within the next thirty days,

CRUDE.

Sales in lots of 4.000 bbls, sailer September, at $5,75, on cars at Venango City; spot quoted at 14¾@14¾; seller September, 14¾@14¾; seller all year, nominal at 14¼@14½, and buyer all year, 15@15¼. Notwithstanding prices remain unchanged, the market is weak and unsettled, and the tendency is in favor of a decline.

REFINED.

But a single sale reported, 1,000 bbls spot, at 31⅝. September first half, 31⅝@31¾; last half, 32¼ bid, and 32½ asked; October, 32¾ bid; last four months, 32¾ bid and 32½ asked. Market appeared to be a shade stronger, but then there was no movement, and more than this, there seems to be no chance to do anything.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Soindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	2,049 bbls.
Pool & Bro	849 "
H M'Kelvy	489 "
G. S. Thomas	160 "
Owston & Sowers	320 "
Total	3,887 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner 300 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 50 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth & Bro., 260 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co. 223 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 1.200 cases refined, Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 155 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total Refined, 1,200 cases, 988 bbls

MEMPHIS, September 1.—Cotton: receipts for the last year 247,651 bales; receipts for to-day 8 bales. Flour $8.00@6,75. Wheat $1,15@1,30. Corn 85c. Bran $19. Hay 25@28c. Oats 63c and scarce. Corn Meal $4,35@4,65. Bacon inactive: shoulders scarce and firm at 16½@16¾c; sides 19½@19¾c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Cotton firm; sales 900 bales at 35c for middling uplands. Flour: receipts 13,505 bbls; market 5@10c better on low grades; sales 9,400 bbls at $5,80@6,25 for superfine State and western, $6,70@7,20 extra State, $6,25@7,25 extra western, $7,30@7,45 white wheat extra, $6,60@9,25 R. H. O., $6,75@7 extra St. Louis, $7,25@9 good choice do. Rye Flour quiet; sales 250 bbls at $4,50@6,50. Cornmeal scarce and quiet; sales 400 bbls Marsh's Caloric and Brandywine at $6,25. Whisky dull: sales 100 bbls iron bound western at $1,17 for free, this was an extreme rate. Receipts of Wheat were 78,119 bush; market 1@2c better and less active; sales 136,000 bush at $1,43@1,55 for No. 2 spring, $1,58@1,62½ for winter red and amber western, $1,50 for old winter red western, $1,62@1,64 for amber Tennessee. Rye dull and heavy. Barley nominal: Corn: receipts 36,591 bush; market without decided change and closing dull; sales were made 48,000 bush at $1@1,16 for unsound new mixed western; $1,16@1,18 for sound do. Receipts oats 57,805 bu; shade better; 44,000 bu. 63c for old western and 59@65c for new southern and western. Rice nominal. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm, sales of 600 bbls Cuba at 11½@12c. Molasses dull. Petroleum firm, 16½c for crude and 31¾ for refined. Hops nominal. Wool quiet and steady, sales of 280,000 at 47@54c for domestic fleece; 42@45c for pulled and 58c for tubbed. Leather: hemlock sole quiet at 31@31½c for Buenos Ayres, Rio Grande light and middle weights: Linseed oil dull at 97@99c. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 41½@42½c. Pork lower, sales of 960 bbls at $31,87@32,10 for mess; $31,75 for old do. $27,50@28 for prime and $30.50 for prime mess, also 250 bbls mess, buyer all the year at $32. Stock old and new 34,911 bbls; last month 38,029 bbls; last year 54,069 bbls. Beef steady; 150 bbls; stock, old and new 21,190; packages last month 24,520, last year 18,293. Beef hams quiet and unchanged with sales of 75 bbls. Cut meats quiet; sales of 145 packages at 14¾@15½. Shoulders 17@19c. Hams and middles firm with sales of 120 boxes of ice cured at 17@17¼. Lard quiet and steady; sales of 450 tierces at 17¼@19¾ for steam and 19¼@20 for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 16@28. Ohio cheese dull at 15@16. Copper quiet; ingot copper quiet and firm at 23@23¼ for lake. Pig iron quiet and unchanged. Bar iron quiet and steady at $85@90 for refined English and American; sheet dull at 11@12½, gold, for Russia; mails quiet and unchanged. Freights to Liverpool quite firm. Shipments 30,000 bush wheat 9d. per sail and 10d. per steam, and 2,000 bbls flour 2s. 6d. per steam.

Latest—Flour closed steady, with moderate export demand for shipping grades. Wheat firm, with a fair export demand at $1,45@1,54 for No. 2 spring, and $1,60@1,62½ for winter red western. Rye nominal at $1,15. Oats dull at 61@63½c for western. Corn dull and heavy at 95c@$1,12 for unsound and $1,14@1,16 for sound mixed western. Pork nominal at $32 for mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats dull and uncharged. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard quiet at 19¼@19¼c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 21@23c.

ST. LOUIS, September 1.—Tobacco buoyant and active. Cotton: nothing doing. Hemp quiet and unchanged. Flour unchanged; extra and superfine in demand at the quotations; superfine $4,75@5,12; extra $5,25@5 35; double extra $5,50@6,00: choice and fancy family $7,00@8 50. Wheat firm, steady and without quotable change; No. 2 spring $1,05@1,07½; No. 2 red fall $1,13@1.15; No. 1 $1,20@1,25; No. 2 white $1,15@1,18. Corn less active and easier for buyers; sales of prime white in bulk 85@86c; yellow in sacks 90@92c; choice white 92@93c. Oats inactive and easier for buyers; mixed in bulk 44c; good to prime white 50@52c, in sacks. Barley unchanged; sales of No. 2 at $1,10. Rye unchanged, 80@83c. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Whisky flat; sales in a retail way at $1,15. Provisions quiet. Mess pork $34. Dry salted shoulders 14@14½c; clear rib sides 17¼@17¾c; clear sides 17¾@18c. Bacon: shoulders 15½@15¾c., clear rib sides 18¾c.; clear sides 19@19¼c., plain canvassed hams 19c., sugar cured do, 21c. The following is the stock of provisions in the city: clear bacon sides 250,000 lbs., dry salt clear sides 1,209,000 lbs., clear rib and rib bacon sides 705,500 lbs., dry salt clear rib sides 160,000 lbs., bacon hams 275,000 pounds; bacon shoulders, 307,000 lbs; dry salt shoulders, 600,000 lbs; mess pork, 6,318 bbls; prime mess, 250 bbls; rumps, 162 bbls; lard, 3,576 tierces and 3,015 kegs; joles, 3,000. Lard quiet; prime steam held at 18½c; choice kettle at 19½c. Cattle only in local demand and range at 2@5½c. Hogs steady at 9@10c for fat, and 7@8c for stock. Receipts—flour, 3,000 bbls; wheat, 37,095 bush; corn, 5,344 bush; oats, 12,250; barley, 414 bush; rye, 873 bushels.

CHICAGO, September 1.—Eastern Exchange firm at 1-10 off buying and par selling. Flour quiet; spring extras $5,75@6,75. Wheat more active and excited: No. 1 quiet and firm at $1,30@1,31; No. 2 advanced 2@2½c, with sales at $1,28@1,29½; closing at $1,28¼@1,28½; this afternoon the market was firm, with $1,28½ bid seller September. Corn active and a shade higher, with sales of No. 2 at 87½@88¼c; closing at 88@88¼c; rejected 83@84c, and no grade 80c; this afternoon No. 2 sold at 87½c seller September. Oats quiet and a shade firmer at 44@44½c for No. 2, and 40@41¼c for rejected; closing at 44@44¼c for No. 2. Rye quiet and steady; sales of No. 1 at $1; No. 2 at 94; rejected at 81½@82½; closing firm at 94c for No. 2, and 81½@82 for rejected. Barley quiet at $1,30 buyer, at $1,25. seller, this month for No. 2. Highwines firmer and 2c higher; sales at $1,12, closing firm. Sugar firm, at 13½@14¼ for common to prime Cuba. Provisions dull and nominally shade easier. Mess pork inactive and nominal at $32,50. Lard almost nominal at 18½@18¾. Dry salted shoulders ¼c higher. Freights are less active and a shade easier at 5@5¼c for corn to Buffalo. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours were 4,671 bbls. flour, 70,849 bush. wheat, 119,105 bush. corn, 35,424 bush. oats, 2,904 bush. rye, 3,970 bush. barley, 6,661 hogs. Shipments—2,292 bbls. flour, 13,540 bush. wheat, 164,167 bush corn, 10,431 bush. oats, 1,798 bush. rye, 2,646 hogs.

CINCINNATI, September 1.—Flour unchanged, with new standard family at $6,25@6,50, and old standard at $6@6,25. Wheat firmer but closed quiet at $1,25@1,30 for red, and $1,45@1,55 for white. Corn steady at $1,03. Oats firmer at 55@58c. Rye $1. Tobacco in good demand at full rates, with sales 241 hhds at $7@23,10. Whisky unsettled; holders asked $1,15, and although there was nothing done, the feeling was firmer at the close. Mess Pork dull at $33. Bulk meats 13¾@16¼c, with only small sales. Bacon sides quiet at 18¾c; shoulders in good demand and all to be had at 15c were sold; the sales reached 160 hhds. Lard nominally unchanged. No change in Oil; Linseed 98c@$1; Lard $1,40@1,45; Petroleum 29@31c. Gold 133¼ buying. Exchange steady at 1 1-10 discount buying. The demand for money continues good at 8@12 per cent.

CLEVELAND, September 1.—Flour market quiet and unchanged. Wheat market firmer at 3@4c better, with sales of No. 1 red at $1,34@1,36; No. 2 do at $1,33, and closing at outside figures, and No. 2 white at $1,34. Corn; no receipts, but firmer: No. 1 Michigan held at $1, and No. 2 do at 98c. Oats; no receipts and the market nominally 2@3c better; No. 1 State held 49@50c on spot and seller September. Rye quiet and nominal; No. 1 held at $1,00@1,05, and No. 2 at 90@95c. Barley, no transactions. Petroleum market quiet and unchanged; refined held at 28@28½c for September and October in large lots, and small lots on spot at 30@31c; crude $6,50.

TOLEDO, September 1.—Flour quiet. Wheat 2c. better, but less active; No. 1 white Michigan $1,48, regular $1,39. No. 2 white Wabasn $1,44, amber Michigan $1,40, No. 1 red $1.40, No. 2 do. $1,37½, No. 3 do. $1,30. Corn 5c. better; No. 1 99c, No. 2 97c. Oats unchanged; No. 1 50c, No. 2 46c. Freights: 3½c. and 9c. to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts: 3,300 bbls flour, 61,800 bushels wheat, 7,600 bushels corn, 3,600 bushels oats. Shipments: 4,900 bbls flour, 70,000 bushels wheat, 64,000 bushels corn, 14,000 bushels oats, 300 bushels rye.

LOUISVILLE, September 1.—Bagging active and firm; two-pound Kentucky hemp 23¾@24½c. Flour firm; superfine $5,00. Grain market firmer. Groceries steady. Provisions lower. Mess Pork $34@34,25. Bacon; shoulders 16c, clear rib 19c, clear sides 19½c, sugar cured hams 22½c, and extra sugar cured 23½c. Lard; in tierces 20¾c. Whisky lower, with sales of Highwines at $1,12½. Leaf Tobacco active, with sales of 119 hhds at $7 for sound lugs, to $16,25 for cutting leaf.

PHILADELPHIA, September 1.—Flour in limited demand, with spring extra family at $6,50@7,50. Wheat in good demand at $1,55@1,60. Rye dull at $1,10@1,12. Corn in limited demand, with mixed western at $1,12@1,15. Oats moving slowly and unchanged. Provisions dull. Mess Pork $33,75@34,00. Lard 19¼@20c. Petroleum steady, with refined at 31⅛@31⅜c. Whisky dull at $1,24.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 1.—Flour fair, active and firmer; western superfine at $6@6,25: extra at 6,50@8,25. Wheat firm; red at $1,45@1,55. Corn firm; white at $1,16; yellow at $1,20. Oats firm at 57@60c. Rye nominal. Mess pork quiet at $34,50. Bacon firm: rib sides at 19¼c; clear rib at 19¼@19¾c; shoulders at 16¼c; hams at 24@25c. Lard quiet at 20@21c. Whisky steady at $1,17.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 1.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat at $1,33 for No. 1 and $1,30½ for No. 2. Oats dull and weak at 45@46 for No. 2. Corn nominal at 86c for No. 2. Rye and barley remain nominal. Grain freights quiet and steady at 5@10c to Buffalo and Oswego. Receipts: 1,000 bbls flour, 7,000 bush wheat, 8,000 bush oats, 1,000 bush corn. Shipments; 1,000 bbls flour, 19,000 bush wheat.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, September 1—The weather is sharply cold, which, with a light run of stock, makes a lively market at better prices. Receipts of cattle since Monday on 1,260, to which add 140 left over that day, and we have the number on sale. Trade very active and butchers could not get enough stock. Choice Kentucky grades, of eight cwt, were sold at 16½@17c, and no really good cattle went below 15½c. The poorest stock, viz. little 5½ cwt Canada steers, sold at 13c and the average of transactions was above 15c. Very many of the cattle being fat it is feared such a high market will cause a rush of stock again and disappoint shippers. A drove of 60 choice Kentucky grades of 7½ cwt. was sold at $8,40 alive, and retailed at 16¾@17c. Another lot of 40 averaged 16½c; one eight and a half cwt., $65: little 5¼ cwt. Mich. cattle sold for $70; 100 lbs., 7½ cwt., at 15@16c and drove of 8 cwt Kentucky at 16c. Only 3,800 head of sheep and lambs arrived to-day, mostly lambs: they go quick at ¼@½c advance; a car of poor 69 pound Ohio sheep sold at 4¼c; a car 83 pound at 5¼c: 23 Canadas 97 pounds at 6¾c. Fat sheep are much wanted. Lambs; sales of 345 head State fine 60 pounds at 8½c, 150 ditto, 64 lbs, 8¾c; a car of Pennsylvania, 59 lbs, 8½c: and some 59 lbs State at 7½c. Hogs are firmer at former quotations, with indications of an improvement; 48 cars arrived to-day; one car poor Michigan 160 lbs sold for 9c; some 240 pound prime State sold at 10¼c; the quality is taking a wide range, and prices follow.

CHICAGO, September 1.—Cattle are firm and steady at $4@4,50 for common, and $4.70@5,50 for good to choice cows; $5,75@6,10 for fair to medium, $6,50@7,50 for good to choice shipping steers. Hogs are dull at $9@9,40 for common to medium, $9,50@10 for good to extra prime.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, September 1.—The dry goods market continues active for more textile fabrics and prices for the most part rule quiet and steady. Heavy brown sheetings of standard makes are selling at 16¼@17c: the latter an extreme, and seconds at 15½@16c. Prints of standard makes range from 12½ to 13½c; mous delaines 9c for Sprague's and 20c for other brands. Wamsutta muslins are steady at 22½c, and New York Mills 25c. In brown cotton the market is a little irregular, however, to-day, by the action of a leading jobber in reducing the price of Appleton A sheetings to 15¾c; Augusta sheetings to 14¾c; Massachusetts B B to 12¾c and Tremont B to 12½c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, September 1.—6 cars iron ore, Shoenberger B & Co; 7 do do, McKnight P & Co; 2 do do, Brady's Bend Iron Co; 2 do wash ore, 6 cars l s ore, Bryan & Caughey; 5 cars bloom, Nimick & Co; 1 do grain, J & W Fairley; 1 do stone, P Wolf; 105 bbls oil, J Spear; 1 car blooms, J Moorhead; 2 crates, 15 bxs starch, A J Harze: 10 bbls oil, Pennock & Beeson; 20 bxs cheese, Watt Lang & Co: 20 sks rye, Scott & Gisal; 60 do do, Hitchcock McC & Co; 7 bbls pears, Day & Co; 51 sks corn, J A Graff; 100 oil bbls, B S Moore; 41 bbls apples, VanGorder & L; 10 do do. Woodworth & D; 10 do do, T Mitchell; 50 do do, Steel & Bro: 29 do do, J Allen; 22 do do, Bruggerman & O'B; 22 do do, Voigt M & Co; 11 do do, 1 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 20 bbls apples, H Rea; 3 bbls eggs, 1 keg butter, C Hartman.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 1.—1 car metal, Zug & Co; 6 do do, Hailman & Hammett; 3 do do, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 5 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 6 do do, Nimick & Co; 2 do do, Union Mills; 3 do do, Pittsburgh Iron and Forge Co; 34 bales cotton, A H Childs & Co; 12 sks scraps, W Flaccus & Son; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 do do, Scott & Gisal; 1 do do, Culp & Shepard; 38 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark; 22 bgs grain, Dan Wallace; 40 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 50 oil bbls, B D Moore; 100 bgs rye, W J Meek; 2 bbls eggs, Woodworth & Davison; 17 bbls crude oil, Jas Wilkins; 10 bdls leather, G N Hoffstott; 20 bdls paper, Hostetter & Smith; 1 hhd tobacco, A Schaub; 1 keg bacon, Henry Rea Jr.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 1.—5 cars metal, Zug & Co; 7 do do, Union Mills; 1 do do, John Moorhead; 9 do ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 4 do stone, Henderson & Mackin; 1 do do, Harrison Bro; 1 do do, P Brough; 5 bgs wheat, 11 do rye, W Thompson; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 1 do metal, H Woodsides; 1 do do. Rees Graff & Dull; 1 do do, W Smith; 1 do do, Lewis Oliver & Phillips; 5 bbls onions. Little & Baird, 1 do eggs, L J Blanchard; 4 cases woolen goods, Arbuthnot Shannon & Co; 55 sks wheat, Scott & Gisal; 840 bbls oil, Pool Bro; 2,049 do do, Fisher Bro; 320 do do, Owston & Sowers: 160 do do, G S Thomas; 489 do do, H McKelvy.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, September 1.—75 bbls cement, C B Leech; 37 sks grain, W Welsh & Co; 5 bdls pelts, 1 bbl tallow, Wm Jones.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues about stationary at this point, with two feet two inches in the channel by the metal mark. Weather clear, cool and pleasant—mercury 70 in shade.

The Camelia arrived at St. Louis, on Monday, with a good trip. She was the first Ohio river arrival at that port for over a week.

The upper Mississippi, at last accounts, was rising all the way down from St. Paul.

The Nick Wall is still engaged in playing between St. Louis and Lexington.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* says: Bunting and Carr, pilots of the Gallatin, brought from Pittsburgh, drawing 3½ feet all the way, without wetting a spar.

—Monday's St. Louis *Democrat* says: The race between the City of St. Paul and Andy Johnson hardly excited remark, and yet it was a spirited one, and was attended by the interesting episode of one boat running into the other and causing damage.

—The Memphis *Avalanche*, of Saturday, says. A board of marine revenue officers will assemble in this city during the first week of September, for the purpose of determining where the three revenue cutters are to be placed upon the Western waters shall be stationed.

—The river at St. Louis continues to rise, and there is every prospect of its continuing to do so for several days to come. The present rise is as inexplicable as unlooked for, and the magnitude, as well as the duration, are matters of astonishment to the "oldest inhabitant." Five feet of water is reported to Cario; supposed to be the deepest ever known in the channel at this season of the year. Rates to all points are firm and unchanged, and likely to remain so until the river reduces to a depth natural for the season.

—A Dubuque paper, of Saturday, says: The new order on dead heads traveling on the river, and adopted by the White Collar Line, went into effect while one of the clerks employed on the wharf boat, was up the river on an excursion. The young man had to "shell out" half fare for himself and lady coming down. The new order issued to all clerks is to all persons traveling on dead head tickets. Either the passage or the meals must be paid for, and are generally divided, one taken into the expense of the trip as much as the other.

—Capt. Dryden writes from Madison to the Cincinnati *Commercial* as follows: The river is not as full of snags below here as it was three years ago. They have not commenced work on the McCullough wreck as yet. If there is any one to claim it they had better look after their interests soon, as she must be removed during the present low water, as she is a great obstruction to navigation and to the city of Madison, on account of the low water, opposite the city, making it difficult to land at the wharf, as the wreck is forming a very large bar. If said owners do not remove said obstruction, it will have to be removed at their expense. If there are no owners, the Government will remove it at her own expense, which will be attended to in a few weeks. All must be removed, boilers, machinery and hull.

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Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

mh10:e26

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

THE COMMON SENSE WINE AND CIDER MILL, Manufactured by the Ashland (Ohio) Machine Company, is the most practical Cider Mill in the world. By one operation it grinds the apples, presses them as dry as chips between rollers, while the cider passes direct into the barrel. They are run by hand or power, easily operated, durable and substantial. Before purchasing a Cider Mill send for an illustrated Circular. au16:n39

NEWSPAPER FREE.—Coal Miners, and persons desiring a Western home, and others, can have a spicy Weekly Paper FREE FOR SIX MONTHS by sending name and Postoffice address to GARDNER JOURNAL, Gardner, Illinois. 31:m18

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja8:29

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se :y16

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

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mv18

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.

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my24:b87

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

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AND DEALERS IN

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No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,

Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 124 and 126 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. au19:n26

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each

QUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.

195 Liberty Street,

mh15

VALUABLE STOCK FARM FOR SALE, situated in Westmoreland county, three miles north of "New Florence." Contains 540 acres, 200 of which is clear land and a large portion in grass. The land is rich and well watered. The building consists of a large frame Dwelling, two frame Barns and numerous outbuildings. All the stuff on the ground to erect a fine new dwelling: Cellar dug. This farm is offered at the low price of $40 per acre, with easy payments. Apply soon to

R. McLAIN & CO.,
au14 No. 104 Fourth Avenue.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation: containing 20 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To Let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe28 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO.,

Of Allegheny, Pa.,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30th, 1869.

CAPITAL.....$100,000.00

ASSETS.

Stock Notes	$ 75,000.00
Bonds and Mortgages	23,899 50
Bills Receivable	8,236 82
Office Furniture	405.00
Cash on hand	1,660.02
	$109.231.34

RECEIPTS.

Premium	$ 15.719 37
Interest	2.783.41
	$18.502.78

DISBURSEMENT.

Dividends	$ 5,000.00
Losses paid	1.709 00
Office expense, taxes and stamps	4.036.24
Commissions	381.71
Return premiums and reinsurance	442.91
	$11.569.92

Amount of outstanding risks, $1,349,864.00

jy24:m56-TTHS

CASH

INSURANCE COMPANY,

PHELAN'S BUILDING,

No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

N. J. Rigley, H. W. Oliver, jr, Capt. M. Bailey,
Dan'l Wallace, S. H. Hartman, A. Chambers,
Jake Hill, S. M'Clurkan, Jas. M. Bailey,
Thomas Smith, Jno. S. Willock,

ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.

ap2:g67

Restores gray and faded Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, removes Dandruff,

CURES ALL DISEASES OF THE SCALP,

Prevents BALDNESS, and makes the hair grow Soft, Glossy and Luxuriant.

$1.00 and $1,50 per Bottle. Each Bottle in a Neat Paper Box.

Prepared by SEWARD, BENTLEY & CHENEY, Druggists, Buffalo, N.Y. Sold by all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents—SCHWARTZ & HAZLETT

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 Bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after 11 P.M., Sunday AUGUST 29th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 am	*Day Express	12:30 am
Fast Line	1:45 am	*Pacific Ex	7:45 am
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:30 am
Brinton Acc'n	7:50 am	Mail Train	8:10 am
Wall's No. 2	9:05 am	Bra'ks Ac No 1	5:10 pm
Cincinnati Ex	8:25 am	Cincin'ti Ex.	12:30 pm
Johnstown Ac	1020 am	Wall's No. 2	11:35 am
Bra'ks Ac No1	7:00 pm	Johnstown Ac	4:05 pm
Pittsb'h Ex.	12:40 pm	Bra'ks Ac No2	8:20 pm
Phila. Express	1:00 pm	Phila. Express	3:50 pm
Wall's No. 3	1:50 pm	Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm
Bra'ks Ac No 2	5:55 pm	Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm
Wall's No. 4	5:50 pm	*Fast Line	7:30 pm
Way Passn'r	10:20 pm	Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm

*These trains make close connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore.

The Church Train leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 2:10 p. m.

*Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information apply to

W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS
au30 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after July 25th, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springd'le No 1	6:40 a m	Mail	6:20 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:20 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:20 a m
Express	10:40 a m	Sharpb'g No 1	11:20 a m
Sharpb'g No. 1	1:30 p m	Express	2:20 p m
Freeport No. 2

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, 84 AND 86 FIFTH AV.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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THURSDAY, SEPT. 2, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE—THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY—MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF HUGH S. FLEMING.
TREASURER—JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS—JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER—THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER—HAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER—JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK ORPHANS' COURT—ALEX. HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR—ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second Page: Poetry, Ephemeris, The Humming Bird, Miscellaneous Items. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Pittsburgh Live Stock Market, Petroleum Market, Markets by Telegraph, Imports by Railroad and River News. Seventh page: Full Fashions, Vanderbilt's Revenge, Amusement Directory, &c.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 53¼f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 88⅜@88¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 133¼@133⅜.

THE TELEGRAPH lines were interrupted west of Omaha last night by a storm. There is nothing from the California election.

THE DEMOCRACY OF PENNSYLVANIA relied "muchly" on the money of ASA PACKER. Capitalists are generally men of shrewd business habits, and keep a watchful eye on the Profit and Loss account. The man of twenty millions, honestly earned, has furnished the entry "Nomination Dr. to Cash $100,000"—enough glory at immense cost, without adding "Defeat Dr. to Cash $100,000." ASA knows what is what, and has disappointed his friends, the worthy legion of money-suckers, by refusing to bleed more. Wise ASA!

WE SINCERELY HOPE that the invitation to our city authorities, and to such of our intelligent citizens as may correctly comprehend the solid interests of Allegheny county, to be represented at the Commercial Convention at Keokuk, on Tuesday next, the 7th inst, will not be treated with an unbecoming and unwise neglect. We may remind our readers that the subject of a free river navigation of all the tributary waters of the Mississippi has been specified as to be a leading question for consideration at that meeting. Is Pittsburgh to be known among the delegates? We hear, as yet, of no action taken here to this end, but we do not suppose that an affair of such substantial consequence to our public interests is about to be wholly overlooked. We have Councils, any number of them, for our cities and boroughs; it has even been asserted that an organized "Board of Trade" is in existence here, We know that the navigation interests of this region touch closely a large proportion of our population, and occupy a very large capital. Is nothing to be done in any of these quarters, to provide for an adequate presentation of our local claims at this Convention. The city press has done its duty in invoking the public attention to to the premises. If the movement ends there, it will be the fault, and very likely the loss, of the class more directly interested. In the same connection, we have also to speak of another Convention to be held at Louisville, by adjournment from Memphis, on the 12th of October, at which these cities, the Congressional districts and the Board of Trade are invited to attend, by delegations. That meeting is termed a "Southern Commercial Convention," but the co-operation of the North and East is invited, in view of the inseparable intercommunion of all the commercial interests of a common country. To Pittsburgh, this view must appear particularly forcible, since our Southern trade contributes an important part to our municipal prosperity.

Again, we urge upon the proper authorities the duty of providing for some just expression of our opinions, and of the claims of our leading interests, at each of these meetings.

AT THE CITY HALL, TO-NIGHT.

We hope to find that capacious hall filled, this evening, with our thoughtful Republicans. They will hear a speech replete with facts to be relied upon, with unanswerable arguments, with the most instructive reminiscences of political history and with exhortations to duty which will go straight and strong to the honest convictions of every Republican who shall sit there facing that eloquent record which our loyal city made in the late years of trial. Go, reader, to the meeting to-night, and if Senator MORTON cannot interest or instruct you, it will do you good to sit awhile and study the political teachings before your eyes on that storied wall. It will do you no harm to reflect for an hour upon what Allegheny county has done for the Union, when she did it, why she did it, and whose treason made it necessary. Then, perhaps, you will be ready to talk about new issues.

REPUBLICAN PROGRESS.

A large number of the leading Republicans of Ohio county, West Virginia, have signed an address to their fellow-citizens, which is printed in full in the Wheeling *Intelligencer*. In view of the approaching election, for members of the State Legislature, they urge, in a dispassionate and logical statement of the exact political situation, the adoption of a liberalizing policy in the gradual abrogation of all restrictions upon the franchise. They advocate the immediate repeal of the test-oaths now resting upon lawyers, suitors and school-teachers, the initiation of the proper steps for removing the voters' test-oath, which it will require two years to accomplish, and such a modification of the registry-law as will take the appointment of the registrars from the Governor and submit it to the popular election in such mode as to ensure a minority representation in each board. These measures are defended in the Address, as only in accordance with the spirit of the hour, and as indispensable alike to the material prosperity of the State and to a continued Republican predominance. The case is unanswerably put, both in the Address, and in a very forcibly written editorial article of the *Intelligencer*. The movement has our heartiest good wishes, as well as our sincere conviction of its complete success.

TENNESSEE AND THE ARTICLE.

We have heretofore adverted to the existing dangers that the XVth Article may yet fail to be ratified by the requisite majority of the States. The situation begins to attract the attention of cotemporary journals The assured confidence in a desired result which many of them have expressed gives place to a juster view of the actual peril. The Philadelphia *Inquirer* remarks:

Twenty-five States can be counted on with considerable confidence, although even that number is not absolutely certain. Four more, or twenty-nine in all are needed. Virginia, Mississippi and Texas are expected to swell the list to twenty-eight. The vote of either California or Tennessee would complete it, but meanwhile the whole subject is surrounded with various difficulties and involvements, and the disposition of the Democracy to repeal the ratifying acts the moment they gain legislative power in any State, makes delays dangerous, and shrouds the future with uncertainties.

California held her election yesterday. At this writing, we are without advice of its issue. From Tennessee, we learn, by way of Washington, that GOV. SENTER assures his friends that he shall convoke the present Legislature at once, for action upon the Article. He seems to believe that the succeeding body would ratify the amendment, but recognizes the fact of the general doubt on this point, and thinks it wiser to make the matter sure. Wiser, it certainly is. These assurances from the Governor sustain the impressions which we have taken from the course of events at Nashville. Indeed, it becomes the clearer that we were right, yesterday, in presuming that the suggestion originated with him, and that the recent conference of leading Republicans in that city was held at his desire, and to sustain the proposition with the general approval of the party. We have no doubt that it has been explicitly understood and agreed that the re-assembled Legislature shall not take any other action, of a nature to trench upon any adverse decisions of the recent election concerning other questions of local policy. In ratifying the Article, fortunately, the popular judgment, as lately given, sustains the Legislature heartily. The effect of such action, in healing the rupture in the Republican organization of the State, cannot fail to be most favorable, while its National influence, saving the Article as it probably will, will be vitally important.

Statements are current that GOV. SENTER will not convoke the Legislature as stated, but the later and, we think, the more correct advices announce his final decision in favor of the proposition.

THE IRISH AND GERMANS—BELMONT AND PENDLETON.

We annex the New York *Post's* explanation of the movement among a portion of the Democracy of Gotham to displace Mr. Belmont from the National Committee, substituting him with Mr. Tweed. It seems to be merely a dispute between the two foreign elements of the party for the local mastery—a dispute which will ultimately extend among the opposition in all our large cities, as soon as the present Irish preponderance in the Democratic ranks shall begin to be matched. For the present, the German element in that party is limited in numbers and influence, outside of New York. Here in Pittsburgh, for example, the Hibernian control of the Democracy is undisputed and palpable, but few of our German citizens voting with them at all. This, however, does not preclude the active and constant exhibition everywhere of jealousies between the two nationalities. In New York, the Irish and Germans do not harmonize within the Democratic party. Elsewhere, as here, they are widely separated by political lines. Evidence of this was afforded by the developments connected with the German celebration of the Fourth of July, when strong but insidious efforts were made, in the interests and by the especial organ of the Irish Democracy, to inflame public feeling against a class of citizens who, politically, are known to be nearly all Republicans. The design was palpable, and it very fortunately failed.

As for this movement against Mr. Belmont, the funniest thing we have seen was the grave statement, in a Pendleton (formerly Cass) newspaper, that Governor Hoffman's friends oppose Belmont because he is the Pendleton representative on the National Committee, and therefore inimical to the aspirations of Hoffman for the next Presidential nomination of the Democracy. We can see, in this original proposition, where the laugh comes in, when we remember that "Young Greenbacks" was in last year's Convention, notoriously the victim of Mr. Belmont's aversion to the theory of repudiation, and that the subsequent nomination of Seymour upon that objectionable platform probably cooled the partisanship of that eminent Hebrew financier, who thenceforth united cordially in the successful movement to save Hoffman as Governor, by sacrificing Seymour and Blair in New York! If Mr. Belmont is for Pendleton, now, a wonderful change must have come over his political preferences. So far, the journal to which we allude has the exclusive title to the discovery.

Says the New York *Post:*

There is a serious dispute in Tammany Hall: a quarrel which may have grave results. The Germans compose full two-fifths of the Democratic party, if not a greater portion, in this city. They are increasing rapidly, and out of proportion with the other foreign-born citizens. The Irish are falling off in numbers.

The patronage of the party and its leadership have long been monopolized by the latter, as the appointments and legislative nominations show. This has been a subject of complaint with the Germans, and now there are indications of a revolt. There were signs of discontent in the Legistature last winter and in 1868; and the "German element" is organizing to demand more liberal consideration at the hands of the Tammany chiefs.

It may be that this attack on Mr. Belmont, who is a German, is intended as a demonstration by the Irish party in Tammany Hall to maintain the preponderance. There are not Americans enough in there to keep order. The contest promises to be lively and amusing.

THE COAL TROUBLES—LABOR AND CAPITAL.

"In the Lackawanna region the great Companies have achieved a triumph, which we think time will prove to be injurious to them. Their miners go to work at fixed rates, which are unchangeable for the present, but which we presume are higher than they can pay after coal drops to average prices, as it will and must. Then the Companies will reduce the pay of their miners, at the hazard of inciting strikes and a renewal of all the old troubles; whereas, if "the basis" had been conceded, the wages of the miners would have fallen with the prices of coal, and no one could have complained. And, as the Companies propose to renew and perpetuate their monthly sales of coal by auction, there could have been no question as to the real price of the article.

"In our view, it is the true, permanent interest of all concerned to fix a just and permanent "basis," or proportion, under which the miner, the operator, and the transporter, shall each receive a definite, ratable proportion of the price at which coal is sold by wholesale on its arrival at this port, or wherever its chief market may be. And this, we trust will yet be done."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

It is easy to see and to say that capital and labor ought to hold cordial, and hence profitable, relations to each other. It is abundantly evident that such relations between capital and labor in the anthracite counties would result well for all the parties immediately concerned, and for all persons who depend for fuel upon that region. Theorizing on this subject is not difficult. Actually to promote the desired consumation has practically been found to be hard. It may be that capital has sought to get the better of labor; but it is just as true that labor has endeavored to get the advantage of capital. The *Tribune*, instead of contributing to bring about a good understanding between the contesting forces, has only aggravated troubles which at best would have been sufficiently serious.

No business man whose opinion is worth regarding pretends that a definite proportion should not exist between the wages of labor and the sum for which the product of labor will sell. But perplexity arises whenever an attempt is made to determine what that proportion ought to be. If capital seeks to throw all or the larger part of the risk of loss upon labor, it is quite as true that labor is not content unless capital is made to assume an undue share of the hazards.

The *Tribune* persists in talking in favor of "the basis" proposed by the miners, but has been careful not to tell its readers what "the basis" is. It has gone so far as to state that one-fifth of all that the coal should be sold for at tide-water was demanded; but it has concealed the fact that this was supplemented by the right to strike whenever the price of coal at tide-water should sink to $5 a tun. Why this concealment of so essential a particular? All persons concerned in the coal trade, or who are familiar with the details thereof, know that this condition is absolutely inadmissable, either on the part of the coal companies and individual operators or the public. See how this condition necessarily operates. At midwinter, when contracts are entered into for the delivery of coal through the following year, the price may be seven or six dollars a tun; which is all the law of supply and demand will admit. Early in the spring, by reason of over supply or falling off in demand, the price goes to $5, and then a strike occurs, sending up the price to $12, and wages in proportion. Companies and operators cannot evade their contracts, but are forced to fulfil at great loss. This happened this year and last. Yet the *Tribune* demands, if it understands the import of its own language, that the companies and operators shall consent to the repetition of this experiment. To accept "the basis" proposed, is to encourage strikes, and to make the price of coal uniformly high and oppressive to consumers, jeopardizing all the industries depending on coal; and those industries constitute much the greater part throughout the whole country. Ought toilers in most other departments to be put to this disadvantage, that toilers in a single interest may thrive altogether beyond the common measure of remuneration?

But the *Tribune* is at fault, under another aspect of this case. The operators in Lehigh county who accepted "the basis," were compelled to recede from it at the end of a month. They could not go on under it, for the plain reason that no margin of profit was left them. If any reason exists why the case of the Luzerne companies would have been different, we have failed to find it, after the most diligent search.

The *Tribune* assumes, in the face of the most clearly established facts, that the miners would adhere scrupulously to "the basis." At the first adjustment they demanded ten per cent. more than "the basis" entitled them to, and this so flagrantly that all disinterested persons were constrained to say that if they did not recede, all confidence in them would be destroyed.

So far "the basis" has proved unsatisfactory to both miners and proprietors; the miners wanting more and the proprietors less. The same oppugnation is disclosed as under the ordinary system of wages.

That the miners ought to be well paid is universally admitted. In point of fact, since 1862 the anthracite miners have been paid higher wages than any other class of workmen in the country, even in broportion to the risks of casualties incurred, so far, they are not in condition to demand or expect special sympathy. They have received much higher rates of compensation than the average of clergymen, lawyers, physicians, accountants, clerks, printers, newspaper writers, and the like, and have wrought a less number of hours daily, than any other class of workers we have knowledge of.

We are for the Protection of Domestic Industry in all its branches, from imperious foreign competition. As Mr. CLAY phrased it, we are "for Protection for the Sake of Protection." And this, not as a measure of partiality to special sections of the community, but as a national policy, equally beneficent to all. But we cannot assent to a "basis" that excludes domestic competition by combinations, while foreign competition is excluded by impost duties. This is the necessary tendency of the miners' "basis," which the *Tribune* exhorts the proprietors to accept. Does this comport with its theory of Protection? If yes, does it expect the people of the United States to stand by it? This is a point of such vital importance to the general discussion in which our contemporary is engaged, that it ought at least to devote a single paragraph to it. We cannot refrain from adding, that to advocate Protection on this foundation, would be to make it justly unpopular with the masses of the population.

THERE are a number of Democratic journals in Pennsylvania so indiscreet as to laud Gen. ROSECRANS' letter of declination. We like this and we don't like it. We like it because it foreshadows a speedy return to reason on the part of the misguided editors; we don't like it because it displays, in most instances, a hypocritical spirit, which, for the sake of a few votes, would rob the livery of Republicanism to serve the Democracy in. No use, gentlemen, ROSECRANS is as much with you to-day as he was during the war, no more, no less. Come squarely over to his standard of decency in politics, and you will find yourselves supporting Geary for Governor, and arrayed against the monied prince you have nominated.

THE terms of the following Senators expire in 1871, and according to the law the vacancies will have to be supplied this year in the States where only biennial sessions of the Legislature are held: H. V. Miller, Georgia; Richard Yates, Illinois; James W. Grimes. Iowa; Edmund G. Ross, Kansas; Thomas C. McCreery, Kentucky; William Pitt Fessenden, Maine; Henry Wilson, Massachusetts; Jacob M. Howard, Michigan; Daniel S. Norton, Minnesota; John M. Thayer, Nebraska; Aaron H. Cragin, New Hampshire; Alexander G. Cattell, New Jersey; George H. Williams, Oregon; Henry B. Anthony, Rhode Island; Joseph S. Fowler, Tennessee; Waitman T. Willey, West Virginia. Total, 16.

The Situation In Virginia.

A Richmond dispatch says: A gentleman belonging in one of the two Walker State Committees has had an interview with Gen. Canby, in which that official declared the only terms he had to propose were that all ineligible members of he Legislature should resign, and that the would immediately order new elections to fill the vacancies thus created. If men were thereupon returned who could take the test oath, he should further a speedy reconstruction to the extent of his ability and authority, but if the present ineligible members did not resign, or if other meligibles were elected to succeed them, he should feel bound to refer the whole election of July, &c., to Congress, postponing all action till that body reviewed the matter and gave final directions. Being questioned as to why he had not installed Governor Walker, he replied that he would have done so ere this, but, that when he issued his circular to the members of the Legislature, inquiring as to their ability to take the test oath, the Conservative State Committee interfered to prevent responses, and that he considered the continued active existence of that committee as a standing menace to him and reconstruction. He would never, as long as he could avoid it, surrender any department of the State Government to the practical control of a clique composed of men having such antecedents, and originally organized in open opposition to every measure of reconstruction.

Senator Morton and Bonds.

The Senator is now dealing terrific blows upon the head of Ohio Democracy, where the greenback issue is distinctly made. The platform of the Democrats in that State on this point lays down the doctrine that the holders of these bonds must receive greenbacks in payment, or nothing. In the ablest speech the Senator has yet made, he disposes of this subject in a most masterly way, and coming as it does from a disciple of Thad. Stevens, rather than Jay Cooke, it deserves especial consideration. He says:

When the Democratic party have heretofore promised to pay the bonds in greenbaks, they have not referred to existing greenbacks to be collected by taxation for that purpose, but to the manufacture of new ones in sufficient quantities to pay off the debt which would make them all worthless, and repudiation thus fall not only upon the bondholders but upon all the people into whose hands these greenbacks might come. The two resolutions taken together present a clear and unmistakable declaration for the repudiation of the whole national debt. The conditions under which this repudiation is to take place are thin and transparent, and do not at all disguise the main purpose. The Democratic party in Ohio, as in all the States, hate the national debt. They hated the purpose for which it was contracted. They advised the people not to lend their money to the Government for the purpose of suppressing the rebellion; and having done all in their power to prevent the debt being contracted, and to prevent the use of the means by which the rebellion might be suppressed, it is not at all strange that we should find them, under various excuses and pretexts, declaring their opposition to the payment of the debt.

Southern Politics.

The editor of the Richmond *Evening News* has been informed by "a gentleman who ought to know," that General Canby regards the test oath question as out of his hands—it having been referred, by the authorities at Washington, to the Attorney General of the United States. He will obey instructions in regard to the matter, whatever the instructions may be. The same gentleman is of opinion that there will be no meeting of the Legislature until after Congress assembles.

The Richmond *Enquirer* of Saturday says: "General Canby, it is now well known, has no idea of giving the seats of those members of the Legislature who refuse to take the test oath (in case the oath is required) to the defeated candidates. There must, therefore, be an election to fill the vacancies."

Prominent Mississippians have telegraphed to Washington that Judge Dent will certainly receive the nomination for Governor from the Conservative Convention, which meets at JACKSON on the 8th of September.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph*, reprinting the Card of R. H. Kerr, Esq., as a sign of the times, very judiciously observes:

R. H. Kerr, better known here and elswhere throughout the State as *Benton* Kerr, is a Democrat of forty years' standing. He is an intelligent man, has always been an active partisan, and has several times been placed as a candidate on the Democratic ticket of Allegheny county—once or twice for the Legislature. He is a shrewd politician, and would not take the stand he has, or utter the language which we find in his card, without the approbation of the leading friends of Gen. Cass in Allegheny; and as that wing of the party feels in Allegheny it is fair to presume it feels throughout the west. The card of Mr. Kerr is indicative of discord in the ranks of Western Democracy. It threatens disaster to the money bags candidate; and taken in connection with the similar feeling in the East, we think Packer and his friends may as well "hang their harps upon the willows" and prepare to meet decently the doom that awaits them. Any further effort on their part in a cause so hopeless that will be but a loss of labor.

A WISCONSIN paper (the Racine *Journal*) of the 25th instant, has the following item: "Early Friday morning Mr. Henry Taylor, a gentleman living just out of the city, hitched his carriage horse to a post near his bee hives, and went in to breakfast. While eating he heard a terrible commotion in the yard, and on looking out to ascertain the cause, he saw that the bees (five swarms) had attacked the horse. The poor beast was frantically endeavoring to break loose, uttering at the time the most horrible screams of agony. Mr. Taylor rushed out, cut the halter, and endeavored to drive the swarms off, and in so doing was stung in a most frightful manner about the head and arms. The horse lived only about an hour after he was attacked; his agony was fearful to behold."

IF YOU WISH to experience a singu[lar] sensation, eat two pig's feet and half [of a] mince pie just before going to bed. P[oggs] has tried it, and says that in less th[an an] hour he saw a snake as large as a [lawyer,] devouring eight blue-haired c[hildren,] who had just escaped from [a monster] with sorrel eyes and red hot ov[ercoat.]

The Canadians Excited by an American Flag—Terrible Outpouring of Wrath.

On the night preceding Dominion Day some graceless wag climbed to the top of a lofty flag-pole at Woodstock, near the railway station, which was erected at the time of the visit of the Prince of Wales, and nailed thereon an American flag, bearing the black-lettered inscription: "Annexation." No person could be found of sufficient temerity to climb the pole and tear down the rag, particularly as not a few persons were positive that the pole was rotten, and that the life of any party making the attempt would certainly be forfeited. There the obnoxious motto fluttered for nearly two months, in full view of the crowds of travelers passing daily on the railway, and the reputation of Woodstock was not likely to benefit by such a display. One of the telegraph workmen, accustomed to climbing poles, was taken up to Woodstock to perform the job, but after climbing about two-thirds of the height, he declined to ascend further, and declared he would sooner resign his situation. Shooting was next resorted to, and a considerable amount of powder was employed in the effort to destroy the hateful emblem. The flag and also the top of the pole were pretty well shattered by this means, and "Annexation" was obliterated from the rag at least. On Monday last a youth in the employ of a patent stove-drum manufacturer, happened in the town, and hearing of the matter he very readily tendered his services to "go for" the thing. The gallant lad performed the act handsomely, ascending to the top of the pole without difficuly, and tearing off the last shred of the tattered flag. The question is, who was the intrepid individual that "put up the job?" —*Hamilton (Ontario) Times, August 27.*

Fence Advertising.

The Superintendent of construction of the new Postoffice and Court House, Calvin T. Hulburd, Esq., in New York last week, advertised on the part of the Government for proposals for leasing the fence enclosing the site for advertising purposes, and the following were received and opened: —

S. L. Wilcox, per year, $5300.
Thomas R. Gardiner, John H. Myrtle and Isaac W. Hoff, for two years, $15,000.
George Anderson & Co., for no limited period, $300.
Clary & Reilly, for no limited peried, $400.
E. B. Cunnion, for no limited period, $501.
W. Parkhouse, per year, $1000.
J. W. England, two cents per square, per month, $3.338.
De Lavoo Wilson, the cost of the fence and of removing the same.
J. W. England, (period not limited) $2,200 on Broadway, $1500 on Park Row, $1,400 on South circle, $1000, facing City Hall, $6,100.
G. A. Vinton, per year, $6,000.
E. R. Malony, per year, $4,500.
The proposal of Messrs. Gardiner & Co., of $15,000 for two years, was accepted.

A FLAG OF DISTRESS, consisting of a red cross upon a dark yellow ground, has been suggested by the surgeons of the Prussian navy, as the proper signal to be used by all civilized States, both in war and in peace, and on land and on sea.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Dysentery.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bloody Flux.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Chronic Diarrhea.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Bilious Colic.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Infantum.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures the worst case of Bowel Disease.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Cholera Morbus.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure in one or two doses.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Ought to be in every family.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a sure cure for Griping.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE.
Will not fail in one case.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Ulceration.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Cures Summer Complaint.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will cure Watery Dsicharges.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Never fails.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a valuable medicine.
Dr. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Is a protection against Cholera.
DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CURE
Will save hundreds of valuable lives
If early resort is had to it.

DR. KEYSER'S BOWEL CUEE is one of the most valuable remedies ever discovered for all diseases incident to this season of the year. Hundreds of sufferers could be relieved in less than a day by a speedy resort to this most valuable medicine, particularly valuable, when the system is apt to become disordered by the two free use of unripe and crude vegetables.

Price 50 Cents. Sold at DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 167 Liberty St., and by all druggists.

PAINLESS DIGESTION.

"No man," says Sir Astley Cooper, "ought to know by his sensations that he has a stomach." In other words, when digestion is perfect there is neither pain nor uneasiness in the region where it takes place. Nausea, want of appetite, flatulency, oppression after eating, shooting pains in the epigastrium, a flushing in the face at meal times, and a furred tongue in the morning, are among the direct symptoms of indigestion. Constipation, biliousness, headache, nervous irritability, physical weakness and low spirits, are its almost invariable accompaniments All these indications of DYSPEPSIA, whether immediate or secondary, are usually aggravated by hot weather.

The close of summer is therefore the season when the victim of dyspepsia most urgently needs a tonic and regulating medicine. Of course, every invalid has many advisers. One friend recommends one drug, another another; but in a multitude of counsellors there is not always safety. The STANDARD REMEDY OF THE PRESENT AGE FOR INDIGESTION, in all its stages, is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. Time, that proves all things, has established its reputation on an impregnable foundation,—the spontaneous testimony of millions of intelligent witnesses. No acrid oil or acid defies its stimulating principle: its tonic constituents are the finest that botanical research has yet discovered; it combines the properties of a gentle evacuant, a blood depurent, and an anti-bilious medicine, with invigorating qualities of the highest order, and is admitted both by the public and the profession to be the surest protection against all diseases that are produced or propagated by pestiferous air or unwholesome water, that has ever been used either in the United States or Tropical America.

In cases of constipation, resulting from a want of muscular tone in the intestines, the effect of the BITTERS is perfectly marvellous; and without the dangerous sequences of mercury, it restores the disordered, diverges a normal condition.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **A MEETING OF THE ALLEGHENY CITY REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE** will be held at the Treasurer's Office, FRIDAY EVENING, September 3d, for the purpose of making arrangements for the primary meetings.

se2:n81 ARTHUR HOBSON, Chairman

☞ **SECOND WARD**

GEARY CLUB, ATTENTION!

THE MARCHING CORPS

Will Meet This Evening,

at 6½ o'clock, at WILKINS HALL, Fourth Avenue, to escort Hon. O. P. Morton to City Hall. New Uniforms ready for distribution. By order

se2 Capt. JOHN I. STEEN.

GEARY, WILLIAMS AND VICTORY!

A GRAND

RATIFICATION MEETING

Of the Republican Nominations,

WILL BE HELD AT

CITY HALL

By the National Union Republicans of Allegheny county, on

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d,

AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

Hon. O. P. MORTON,

U. S. Senator of Indiana, the eloquent orator and distinguished statesman, will address the meeting. Turn out Republicans, and let us begin with a rousing, old-fashioned meeting—a thundering report from Allegheny's first gun in the campaign. By order of the Executive Committee,

W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, September 1st, 1869.

TO DELINQUENT TAX PAYERS

OF THE

City of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said City of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the

FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT,

then FIVE PER CENT. will be added thereto and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said taxes with all costs and charges accrued thereon of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wheresoever found, and to make sale thereof after advertisement as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACFERRON,

se2:n78 CITY TREASURER.

THE

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

Of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, January 24, 1867. For the safe-keeping of Bonds and other Securities, Gold and Silver, Silver Plate, Books, Records, Diamonds and Valuables of all descriptions, under guarantee, and for the renting of Safes in its burglar-proof vaults. Building and Office:

No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PRESIDENT—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
VICE PRESIDENT—HENRY LLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

WM. PHILLIPS,	JAMES I. BENNETT,
HENRY LLOYD,	BYRON H. PAINTER,
WILLIAM REA,	JOS. S. MORRISON,
WILLIAM M. LYON,	GEORGE BLACK,
CURTIS G. HUSSEY.	

SECRETARY AND TREASURER:
S. F. VON BONNHORST.

au28:n67

LIST OF BOOKS USED IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Pittsburgh.

Osgood's Primer, Osgood's Speller,
Wilson's First Reader,
Osgood's Second Reader,
Wilson's Third Reader,
Wilson's Third Reader, (Intermediate),
Osgood's Fourth Reader,
Wilson's Fourth Reader, (Intermediate),
Osgood's Fifth Reader,
Burtt's English Grammar,
Burtt's Practical Grammar,
Dean's Primary Arithmetic.
Dean's Intermediate Arithmetic,
Dean's Public School Arithmetic,
Guyot's Primary Geography,
Guyot's Intermediate Geography,
Guyot's Common School Geography,
Goodrich's History of the United States,
Robinson's New Elementary Algebra,
Webster's School Dictionaries,
Alden's Citizen's Manual,
Smart's Gymnastics,
Cox's Drawing Cards.
For sale at the Lowest Prices, by

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,

se2 192 LIBERTY STREET.

SCHOOL AND COLLEGE

TEXT BOOKS

AT THE

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street,

(Corner of Virgin Alley.)

Teachers, School Officers and the Trade are invited to send for our School Catalogue.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.

au31:TTHS

APPLE PARERS.—I have a full assortment of Apple Paring, Coring and Slicing Machines, which I invite all to call and see them tried. The PARING, CORING AND SLICING MACHINES, takes only three turns o the crank to pare, core, and slice an ordinary sized apple. It will pare without slicing or coring required.

Dried Apples sell much higher when sliced with this machine than when quartered by the old process.

Also, a full assortment of

Lightning & Turn Table Apple Parers.

For sale, wholesale and Retail, by

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

au19-TTS

FARMS FOR SALE.—25 Farms in Westmoreland county. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 6th avenue.

NIMICK STATION—Desirable Building Lots for sale fronting on Steubenville Road one mile from Ferry Landing, on Main street and near Nimick Station, P. C. & St. L. Railroad. Call and examine the plan at our office.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
se2 39 Sixth avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW FALL DRY GOODS.

AT

E. R. GARDNER'S,

Cor. Market Street & Fourth Avenue,

No. 69.

31c. Plaid Country Flannels.
25c. Plaid Country Flannels.
35c. Plaid Country Flannels.

BLACK ALPACAS,

31c. to $1.00,

SILK FINISH, HEAVY AND WIDE, EQUAL TO BLACK SILKS IN APPEARANCE.

POPLIN DRESS GOODS,

31c. to 62½c., New Fall Styles.

PLAIN POPLINS,

All Shades, New Colors, Low Prices.

WHITE BLANKETS,

All Grades, from $3.50 to $7.00.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PURCHASE.

BLACK AND BROWN MUSLINS

5c., 10c., 11c. and 12 1-2c., Cheap.

NEW GOODS,

Wholesale and Retail,

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

se2:n136 TTHS

FALL, 1869.

ROMAN PLAID RIBBONS,

LADY VANDERBILT BOWS,

In Plain and Roman Colors.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

SATIN FRILLINGS,

Black Silk Fringes.

SILK BUTTONS,

In all the newest styles. Also, all the elegant designs of

PLAID GLASS BUTTONS,

EMBROIDERIES—A NEW LINE.

Shetland Ribbed, Grey Mix and White

SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

ALL COLORS OF

Good Country Yarn.

A full variety of colors of

EASTERN YARNS.

All-Wool Flannels.

Ladies' and Misses Balmoral Hose.

GENTS' SHAKER KNIT HALF HOSE,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 & 80 Market Street.

au27

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Hard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinsel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Heckheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.

j10-d&s

ESTABLISHED 1828.

H. HIGBY.....ALBERT HIGBY.

H. HIGBY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in

China, Glass & Queensware,

Fine Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Castors, Waiters and Brittania Ware.

No. 189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above Sixth street, (late St Clair.)
N. B.—Glass Ware engraved to order on short notice. au26:n50

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

Office—No. 5 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.
Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

NEW CLOVER HONEY.

A fresh supply of choice Fayette County Honey in small glass boxes, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se1 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by

J. P. CAMPBELL,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EXTRA GOO

NEW G

WILLIAM

Nos. 180

FEDERAL STREET,

12 yards Fast Col'd Calico for $1.
12 yards Unbleached Muslin for $1.
12 yards Bleached Muslin for $1.
At 25c. Heavy Grey Twilled Flannel.
At 25c. double width Sheeting Flannel.
At 25c. Extra Quality Plain Wool Flannels.
At 12½c. Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslin.
At 12½c. Heavy Sheeting Muslins.
At 10c. Good Linen Towelling.
At 12½c. Wide Linen Towelling.
At 50c. Wide Table Linen, good Quality.

NEW STOCK OF

Cassimeres and Jeans, Tickings and Checks.
Shirting Flannels, White Bed Quilts,
Heavy Country Flannels, Heavy Wool Quilts
White Country Blankets, Sheeting Muslin,
Eastern Blankets, Pillow Case Muslin,
Gray Blankets, Towels and Napkins.

NEW GOODS DA

Wholesale and Reta

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on each succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties dealing to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.

jy28-m66

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND, Treasury Department of Pennsylvania, HARRISBURG, August 20, 1869.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED for the redemption of ONE MILLION DOLLARS of the loan of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, due July 1st, 1870, until 12 o'clock M. OCTOBER 1st, 1869. Communications to be addressed to R. W. MACKEY, Esq., State Treasurer, Harrisburg, Penna., and endorsed bids for redemption of State Loan.

F. JORDAN,
Secretary of State.
J. F. HARTRANFT,
Auditor General.
R. W. MACKEY,
State Treasurer.
Commissioners of the Sinking Fund.

N. B.—No newspaper publishing the above without authority, will receive pay therefor.

au23:n38

R. M. M'COWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Insi Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.
REFERENCES—Max. Mo rhead, Lyc n & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

BOYS'

CLOTHING.

Our entire Summer Stock of Boys', Youths' and Children's Clothing, closing out at greatly reduced prices.

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET

LATE ST. CLAIR.

au19

ALPERT & KOHLER,

Manufacturers and Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, No. 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We beg leave to direct the attention of the public to the fact that we are now prepared to manufacture Boots and Shoes for persons troubled with Corns, Bunions, or deformed feet, under the personal supervision of our Mr. ALPERT, formerly of Allegheny City, who will be pleased to see his old customers again. We have adopted Mr. Alpert's mode of measuring the foot, by which we can be safe in warranting easy and comfortable Boots and Shoes for the tenderest feet. Give us a trial and be convinced.

ALPERT & KOHLER,
au9:n21 38 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.—One of the

FINEST BUILDING LOTS

Ever offered to the Pittsburgh public. Suitable for either public or private buildings; having a front on a 60 feet street of 100 feet by 240 feet to a 40 feet street and a 20 feet alley, the whole depth on one side. Less than three miles from the Diamond, and but 70 feet from Butler street. Inquire of

D. S. WILLIAMS.

Seventeenth ward, opposite St. John's Episcopal Church. au30:n72

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—To the citizens of adjoining counties, who are forming Militia or Military Companies,

LANE & TOWNSEND,

430 Market St., Philadelphia,

Offer for sale a large quantity of the All-Wool Dark Blue Cloth Infantry Frock Coats in sound condition, for the low price (in quantities o 100 or upwards) of $5.00 each, cash on delivery.

au23:n49

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D BARGAINS.

OODS

T

SEMPLE'S,

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW

DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS.

Bright Plaid Poplins,
Silk Warp Poplins,
Changeable Poplins,
Alpaca Poplins, all colors,
New Style DeLaines,
French Mohair Lustres,
Black Mohair Lustres,
Black Empress Cloth,
Black Wool DeLain,
Black Poplin Alpaca,
Black French Merino,
Black Alpacas,
Arab Shawls, choice colors,
Striped Shawls,
Paisley Single & Double Shawls,
Black Thibet Shawls,
Woolen Square Shawls.

ILY COMING IN

il, at Lowest Prices.

DESIRABLE GOODS

Received This Day by

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

NEW STYLES
NECK, BOW AND SASH RIBBONS.
PLAIN, BROCADE AND FANCY

ARAB SHAWLS,

In choice styles. The new

SAILOR AND BLONDE HATS,

IN DIFFERENT COLORS.

HAT PLUMES AND BIRDS,
CHOICE FRENCH FLOWERS,
COLORED SATINS,
COLORED VELVETS in every shade,
HAIR NETS, TAP SWITCHES,
NEW FRENCH and GERMAN CORSETS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
FINE SILK FANS,
LINEN FANS,

KID GLOVES

Another lot, including the Bright and Light Shades.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES in new designs.
FURNISHING GOODS. New styles in NECK WEAR,
FINE SUSPENDERS,
WHITE AND FANCY SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS,
NEW RUBBER JEWELRY,
SHELL BRACELETS AND BANDS,
And a general assortment of Notions,

Wholesale and Retail,

77 and 79 MARKET STREET.

au31

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS **CARD ENGRAVING,**

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

my6:177-THS&T

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN the partnership heretofore existing between ROBERT HAY and LEWIS HAY, under the firm of R. Hay & Son was dissolved on the 25th day of August, 1869, by mutual consent. All debts due to said firm are to be paid to, and those due from the same discharged by the said Robert Hay, at No. 145 Federal street, Allegheny City, where the business will be continued by said Robert Hay. J. WALTER HAY,
au27:n62 ROBERT HAY.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns. done oc9-y38

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers o

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

DIVIDENDS.

CENTRAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, August 24, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders on demand.

J. W. DAVITT,
au31 Cashier.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—By a Lady from the east, a situation as housekeeper or companion, or as governess for small children. Address, for two days, Mrs. A., 54 Sheffield street, Allegheny.

WANTED—TINNER—SITUATION desired to work at the Tinning business. Would prefer to work under Instructions. Address, L. H. M., Box 64, West Andover, Ohio.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS Clerk, Salesman, or Travelling Agent for a wholesale or manufacturing establishment. Can give good city references. Address Box "51," New Cumberland, W. Va.

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED.—GIRL.—A good Girl, willing to do the general work for a family of three persons, can hear of a good situation and a comfortable home by applying at the Real Estate Office of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

WANTED—GIRLS—One Cook for Restaurant and one to do Chamber work. Apply at No. 52 Smithfield street.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY.— 5 GOOD TINNERS at LACOCK & HAWTHORN'S, 28 Ohio street, Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED.—A first-class MA. CHINE BLACKSMITH. Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS, corner Point alley and Duquesne Way.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM. PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—100 Confidential AGENTS to dispose of a good paying article. An energetic and trustworthy man can make $50,000 in two months. Particulars free. Call on or address DAILEY & CO., 208 Broadway, N. Y. au2:n23d&T1

WANTS.

WANTED.—10,000 Acres of LAND WARRANTS and AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP, wanted. Address, JOHN S. BRADDOCK, Mount Vernon, Ohio.

WANTED.—A good second- HAND ENGINE AND BOILER; engine about 7-inch cylinder; Boiler from 18 to 20 feet, 36 to 46-inch, and flued. Parties having such machinery to sell will please address Box 384, Pittsburgh Postoffice, stating size, make and price.

WANTED.—A SMALL HOUSE, of three rooms, in Manchester or Lawrenceville. Also, a SITUATION in a clothing store as salesman. Good reference given. Address W. P. BRANDON, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

TO LET.

TO-LET—A second Story Front ROOM, suitable for single gentlemen, at No. 31 Ninth (formerly Hand) street.

TO-LET—ROOM.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, in one of the most desirable portions of the city. Enquire at 52 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TO LET—FOUR NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalapa street, Fifth ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner of Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner of Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The STOCK and FIXTURES of the best located RETAIL HAT, CAP and FUR STORE in the City of Pittsburgh. No bonus for good will or lease. E. R. WILSON, 118 Wood street. 1f

FOR SALE.—FOUR ACRES four miles from the city, on the New Brighton Road, about five minutes walk from Railroad Station. It is an excellent building site with a fine view of the Ohio River, and good orchard of fruit bearing Apple, Cherry an Peach trees. Apply to A. COWLEY, Iron City College. 1f

FOR SALE.—Grocery Stand, STOCK AND FIXTURES located on Fifth Avenue, six squares from the Court House, cheap for cash. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—The Stock, Good WILL AND FIXTURES of that old established RETAIL GROCERY STAND, at No. 253 Sandusky street, Allegheny City. Also the store room for rent. Enquire on the premises of MARY MEREDITH.

FOR SALE.—Beautiful coun- TRY RESIDENCE, near Perrysville: modern improvements and 16 or 53 acres of choice land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—Lease and good will of a TAVERN STAND in a desirable locality. Terms easy; doing a good business. Apply of WM. JACKSON, 73 Graut street.

FOR SALE—Five acres within five minutes' walk of the Leetsdale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., 14 miles from the city, 4 acres cleared, House of 3 rooms, Small Fruits, Grapes, &c. Will be sold at a bargain. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—HOUSE AND LOT. —situate at Hulton Station. Lot contains 1¼ acres, on which is erected a good Frame Dwelling containing 6 rooms, with fruit trees, &c. Address JOHN CUPPS, Hulton Station.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST FARM IN ARMSTRONG COUNTY, Pa., 101½ acres for $4,000, well improved, good Orchard, good Buildings, good Water and good Neighborhood. There is a bargain in this property; we have seen it and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—One-half of a valuable PATENT for Pennsylvania. A small article used in all houses. A chance for an active young man with a few hundred dollars. Address PATENT, Postoffice Box 690.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BAKERY.—A well FURNISHED BAKERY, in a Good Location, is for Sale very cheap. Inquire at No. 23 Grant street.

FOR SALE.—A Drug Store and all the Fixtures, Drugs, &c., of the latest style, situated on the corner of Tunnell street and Fifth avenue. For full particulars inquire at the Store or WILLIAM WARD, No. 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE—FARM AT A BARGAIN—$40 PER ACRE will purchase a good Farm of 239 Acres in Westmoreland county, Pa., two miles from Railroad. Good soil, well watered, underlaid with coal and limestone. House, Barn, Orchard, &c., &c. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING SITE, fronting on the West Penna. R. R., and the Allegheny river, in eighth ward, Allegheny city, (formerly Duquesne Borough.) Lot is 94 feet on river, 104 on Railroad by 335 feet deep, splendid location for any kind of a manufactory. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—LEASE.—THE premises lately occupied by the Eureka Paint and Color Works, situated on the corner of Morgan street and the Railroad, in the 4th ward, Allegheny, consisting of a three story Brick Building, 20x80 feet, containing Engine and Boiler complete, together with Shafting. Also, a large shed suitable for storage, and a two story Dwelling. For further particulars apply to I. M. PENNOCK, No. 19 Seventh (late Irvin) street, Pittsburgh, Pa. au21:n56

FOR SALE.—THE SUBSCRI- BER wishing to retire to the country, wishes to sell the Stock, Fixtures and Good Will of his business, and will lease the warehouse for one or more years. The business has been established some thirty years, some eighteen years of which the present proprietor has been its head. The trade is Wholesale and Retail, Mercantile and Manufacturing, and will pay on an average 50 per cent. profit. From $12,000 to $16,000 will be required, time for part of which may be given. Can be increased indefinitely, with but little more capital. Address, with real name, Box C, GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

SECOND AVENUE.—Two houses, 3 stories, 9 rooms, with all modern improvements. Will sell for $5,500 and $6,500 each. Easy terms.

SQUIRREL HILL.—4 acres of ground, with splendid view over the Monongahela Valley; Adapted for private residence or to be laid out in building Lots. At a bargain.

THREE MILES FROM SHARPSBURG.—20 acres of best garden land, with 500 of the choicest fruit trees in just bearing condition Convenient to flour and saw mill. For particulars enquire at

87 Grant Street,

TUSTIN & KLEE.

au14

FOR SALE.

House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward; 10 acres at Fleming Station: House and 1½ acres; also 6½ acres at Glendale Station; 16 acres about 1 mile from Fleming Station; 34 acres at Fair Oaks Station; 17 acres at Glendale on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; House and Lot corner Hemlock and Poplar street; Lot on Troy Hill; House on Sandusky street; 3 Houses on Boyle street; 3 Farms in Ohio; 2 Houses in Eighth ward; Farm in Sewickley township; Farm near Perrysville; House on Ledlie street; Farm in Westmoreland county; Farm in Butler county; 5 Lots near Bredd's Grove; 2 acres on Henderson's Hill; 1 acre at Jack's Run; House and Lots on Beaver street; House and Lot in Salem, Ohio; 2 Lots on Fremont street; other Houses and Lots in good localities.

M. WHITMORE,

Real Estate Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky street, Allegheny. au27

FOR SALE.

A LEASE EIGHT YEARS TO RUN of a lot of ground fronting 138 feet on Strawberry Lane, running back 258 feet immediately in rear of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Manchester Passenger Railway Co's stable, and on the line of the of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, adjacent to the Ohio river, on which is erected TWO GOOD FRAME TENANTHOUSES of three rooms each, with good stabling and out houses complete. This property is well adapted for lumber or coke business, there being already erected thereon eight coke ovens with all the necessary appliances for carrying on that business.

ALSO, for rent or lease, a comfortable FRAME HOUSE of three rooms, in a good location within five minutes walk of Wood's Run Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., to which there is attached about half an acre of ground. This property will be rented low for a term of years to a good tenant. Inquire of

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

Lumber Yard corner Preble and Juniata streets, or No. 157 Rebecca street, opposite the Gas Works, Allegheny City. y29:m77

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.

8 lots 25x131 feet, graded, only $500—$100 per year. 4 lots 24x132 feet, $400—$100 per year. 1 lot 25x129 feet, $500; Reed street. Frame house of 3 rooms, lot 24x100 feet; only $1,100. Brick house of 7 rooms, bath room and stable; 22x100—$4,500. 2 three-storied brick houses on Fulton street, each $2,500. 2 new roomed pressed brick houses finely finished, new; lot 6x100. Two brick houses, pumps and hydrants, all for $4,000. New two roomed and cellar brick house, lot 20x100; $1,400—$600 cash and $100 per year. Good seven roomed house and lot 24x260 feet, $2,500, and easy terms. 6 roomed frame house, lot 24x60, $1,500—$500 cash and balance in 1 and 2 years. 2 lots on Wylie street 24x80; $950. 1 lot on Wylie street 27½x125; $1,500. 11 lots on Centre avenue 22½x135; $900 each. 150 feet front on Centre avenue by 125 feet deep, will divide to suit. 6 lots on Centre avenue from $300 to $800. The above property is well located and within 10 to 12 minutes walk of the Court House, and on the New Central Passenger R. R. 20 acres on Western Penna. Railroad, 4 miles from the city, 20 acres on Pan Handle Railroad, 4 miles from city. New 6 room frame house 1 mile from Court House. 225 acres Missouri land.

Persons desiring to purchase a home or make an investment, and those wishing to sell, please call on or address.

McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
au30 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROP- ERTY of 60 ACRES in South Buffalo Township, Armstrong county, Pa., on Buffalo Creek, adjoining the Freeport line. Flouring Mill, Saw Mill, and best Water Power in the State. Frame Dwelling House of 6 rooms and cellar, handsomely situated on the W. P. R. R., now building from Freeport to Erie. Will be sold at Public Sale on THURSDAY, August 26, 1869. For further particulars address,

au20 JOSEPH B. WAY, Freeport.

PERSONAL.—All persons seek- ING HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

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INDEPENDENT TEMPER- ANCE CANDIDATE.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

ISAIAH DICKEY.

au5:n12

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ARE NOW RECEIVING

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,

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At Very Low Prices.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

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Of every description. Also, best

Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.

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IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, GUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

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Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

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Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

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Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

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Attorney for the Trustees,

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Parties interested are invited to visit the ELLERSHAUSEN WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

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100 WOOD STREET.

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NEW STYLES, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, GIFT CUPS, SMOKING SETS, A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS,

of all descriptions.

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

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PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

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Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:189

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BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

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NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

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In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

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BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

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FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

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No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
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25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
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303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles.
800,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
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1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 187 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester, ap26

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Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

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Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

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Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws,

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Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Head-Light Oil, Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Gasoline, Harness Oil. Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

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SCALES.

Iron Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS. Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

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DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. je10k43

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

CAPITAL.....$100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on time deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas on most favorable terms.

Exchange on all the principal Foreign cities bought and sold.

Discount days Tuesday and Friday.

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Messrs. DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., 53 Exchange Place, and M. K. JESUP & CO., 12 Pine Street, N. Y., offer for sale the Bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railway. These Bonds pay seven per cent. in Gold; have thirty years to run; are Free from Government Taxation; are secured by a Land Grant of Three Million Acres of the Finest Lands in Kansas and Colorado. In addition to this special grant the Company also owns Three Millions of Acres in Kansas, which are being rapidly sold to develop the country and improve the road. They are a first mortgage upon the extension of the road from Sheridan, Kansas, to Denver, Colorado. The road in operation NOW EARNS MORE THAN ENOUGH NET INCOME TO PAY THE INTEREST ON THE NEW LOAN. There is no better security in the market—this being in some respects better than Government Securities. PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD. Price 96, and accrued Interest, in Currency. Pamphlets, Maps and Circulars furnished on application. au10

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Bought at Highest Prices.

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BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1, 1869.

The inquiry for money is increasing, and within the next week the fall business is expected to open up, and with a greater activity in money matters will doubtless depress Government and other securities, firmly held for an advance during the period through which the Treasury will continue to buy bonds. The purchase of two millions to-day did not advance prices even at the firm feeling in the gold market. 10-40 bonds are strong, and ex-coupons sold at 112¼, equal to 115¾ interest included, an advance of one half per cent. The fear of a tight money market toward the end of this month, and the uneasy feeling in Europe for financial and political reasons, keep Government bonds very inactive, and dealers are indisposed to buy for a rise any more than what they need for daily transactions. Gold opened at 133⅜, declined to 133⅛, but advanced again to 134⅜ strong, and sold down to 133¼ at the close of business. The bulls have a difficult task to sustain the market, and they are making great scrifices for the sake of keeping up stocks, and to be enabled to sell out at high prices. It is too late in the season for cotton shipments, else gold and exchange would sell at lower rates. With a more active export for cotton, however, it is reasonable to suppose that gold will go far below present quotations, the more so since our bonds have been well sustained during the excitement in Europe a few days ago.

Bonds quiet. Money from 8 to 12 per cent, according to quality.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 133¼; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 123; Five Twenties, 1862, 123; do 1864, 122⅝; do 1865, 122⅝; do 1865, Consols, 121¼; do 1867, 121½; do 1868, 121¼; Ten Forties, 113½; New York Central, 204⅜; Erie, ——; Reading, 97; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 188⅜; Ohio & Misissippi, 132¼; Michigan Southern, 106¼; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 107½; Chicago & Rock Island, 114⅞; Chicago & North Western, 85⅝; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94⅝; Adams Express Company, 56¼; Merchants Union Express, 11; Pacific Mail, 79⅝; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37⅝; American Express Company 35⅝.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,60	$6,70
Paris, per franc	26¾	28
Berlin, thaler	97¼	99
Frankfort, florins	57¼	58½

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 1, 1869.

The great sensation of Wall street is the unexpected election, by the Northwestern Directors, of Alexander J. Mitchell, of Milwaukee, to the presidency of the road. Commodore Vanderbilt, Daniel Drew and the Amsterdam holders of preferred stock pressed the claims of Mr. Baxter. A bogus report that the latter had been chosen caused a lively advance, which was lost upon a correct announcement being made. It is believed that the election of Mitchell will be the means of the leasing of the Western Union Road, and probably the St. Paul, of both of which he is President, to the Northwestern. John E. Williams, of the Metropolitan Bank, was elected a director in the Northwestern Company.

Money easy at 5@7 per cent., chiefly at 6 per cent. The transfer of five millions of currency from Washington to the Sub-Treasury here has been ordered. Sterling dull at 9¼@9⅝ per cent. Gold opened at 133⅜, fell to 133⅛, advanced to 133⅜ and closed at 133¼@133⅜.

It is believed the Treasury must increase the sales of gold in consequence of the reduction of the currency balance to twelve millions. The carrying rates are 6 per cent. to flat. Clearances were $38,000,000.

Governments opened strong. The Assistant Treasurer bought $2,000,000 principally registered bonds, at 120 3-100@120 10-100, which leaves with dealers only Coupon bonds, from which the Government must take its future supply. The market closed firm, though ⅛@¼ per cent. lower than the best prices of the day. Coupons 81, 123⅜@123¼; do. '62, 123½@123¼; do. '64, 122⅝@122¾; do. '65, 122⅝@122¾; do. new. 121¼@121⅜; do. '67 121½@121⅝; do. '68, 121¼@121½. 10-40's, 112½@112⅝. Pacifics 111¼@111¾.

State bonds dull: Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees, 61; new, 51¼; old Virginias, 55; new, 58; old North Carolinas, 55½; new, 48¾.

Stocks irregular. Vanderbilt shares firm. Northwestern weak, the closing price being hardly up to the best figures of the day.

Five-Thirty Prices: Canton, 58; Cumberland, 33; Western Union Telegraph, 37⅝; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 7; do. preferred, 12½; Pacific Mail, 80; Adams Express, 56; Wells, 19½; American, 35½; United States, 62⅞; Merchants, 11; New York Central, 204½; Harlem, 160; do. preferred, 160; Hudson, 186¼; Reading, 97; Erie, 34⅝; do. preferred, 58½; Michigan Central, 129; Michigan Southern, 105; Illinois Central, 135½; Pittsburgh, 107¼; Northwestern, 84¾; do. preferred, 93¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 78; Rock Island, 114½; St. Paul, 79½; do. preferred, 81¾; Wabash, 83¼; Fort Wayne, 88⅞; Terre Haute, 34½; do. preferred, 59; Chicago and Alton, 154; do. preferred, 155; Ohio and Mississippi, 32⅜; St. Joseph, 125.

Mining shares dull.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 8; Franklin, 13; Hecla, 80; Quincy, 25.

Exports for the week, $3,835,019.

Sub-Treasury balance yesterday, $83,063,638; to day, not announced.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1, 1869.

CATTLE.

The market has been quite active and considerably excited thus far this week; and with an active demand and only a moderate supply, prime cattle, compared with last week, have advanced fully 50 cents per cwt. This is owing to an improvement in New York, and the New York shippers are responsible for the advance; they have bought nearly all of the cattle that have been offered thus far, Philadelphia buyers not being able to compete with them, and to-day there is not half a dozen cars in the pens unsold. The lower grades were also in better demand, and sold more readily, in some instances, at slighly improved prices, though as a general thing, this kind of stock, compared with last week, is unchanged. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, several bunches of good cattle changed hands at 7½@7¾, and an extra drove would have brought 8 cents.

WEDNESDAY, August 25.—Hedges & Taylor to Kelly 20, weighing 15,970, at 4¾; Holmes L. & Co, for Rotenble to Gillett & Co 29, weighing 10,950, at 5¼; same for Farwood & Longecker 21 bulls, weighing 19,320, at 3¼; same for Clark to Wilson 20, weighing 17,420, at 5½; same for Horst McMahon 20, weighing 19,770, at 4¾; Hazlewood & B for Taylor to Coldallor 6, at 4½@6; Bush for McMahon to Huntzberger 15, weighing 16,000, at 6.

THURSDAY, Aug. 26.—Horst to Huntzberger 42, weighing 40,090; Clark to Gillett & Co 16, weighing 19,320; Hedges & Taylor for Scroggs to Miller 11, weighing 11,750; same to McArdle 70, weighing 69,820; for Munhall to Foltz 18, weighing 18,720, at 4¾; Sprake to Briggs 30, weighing 41,600, at 7¼; same to Bush 17, weighing 16,080, at 6; Duncan to Delone 16, weighing 19,150, at 6,90; Musserto same 17, weighing 20,950, at 7,40; M Johnston to Gillett & Co 38, weighing 42,710, at 7; Musser to same 17, weighing 20,950, at 7,40; same to same 33, weighing 38,460, at 7,40; Smith & Blue for Goss to Yohn 18, weighing 16,750, at 4¾; same for Reynolds to Moses 8, Weighing 7,000, at 5½; same for Munroe to Kelly 19, weighing 19,840, at 4@5; same for Reynolds to Graff 5, weighing 3,850, at 4,60; Holmes L. & Co for Irwin to Graff 19, weighing 17,320, at 4¼—$10 off; same for Judy to Clendening 38, weighing 37,030, at 5,05; same for Forward to Stewart 20, weighing 19,700, at 5,57; same for Beals to Wilson 20, weighing 16,360, at 4; Hedges & Taylor for Anderson to O'Donnell 18, weighing 20,110, at 6¼.

FRIDAY, August, 27.—Holmes, L. & Co. for Knoles to Hartzell 18, weighing 18,090, at 5½; same for Pate to Briggs 36, weighing 38,080, at 6,35; same for same to McMahon 21, weighing 18,250, at 4¾; same for Brown to Aull & Co. 21, weighing 21,290, at 6,87; Hazlewood & Blackstock for Thayer to Morgan 21, weighing 18,310, at 5½.

TUESDAY, August 31.—Smith & Blue for Arnor to Martin 48, weighing 60,070, at 7¾; same for same to same 2, at 6; Orr & Williams for White to Mussellman 41, (texans) weighing 33,840, at 4½; Greer to same 23, weighing 19,280, at 4,65; Jacob Needy to Kleman 33, weighing 40,380, at 690; Holmes, L & Co. for Morris te Ritchie 21, weighing 19,490, at 4,70; Melvin to Graff 22, weighing 18,210, at $36,70 per head; Sharpneck to Briggs 34, weighing 37,320, at 6¾.

WEDNESDAY, September 1.—Hazlewood & B. for Downing to Briggs 74, weighing 78,610, at 6½; same for Strong to O'Donnell 38, weighing 39,140, at 6; same for Whittlesy to Moses 19, weighing 10,420, at 5; same for Crawford to Mussellman 19, weighing 15,330, at 5½; same for Hall to Kelley 18, weighing 16,960, at 4¾; same for Whittlesy to Aull 19, weighing 15,330, at 5½; Holmes L. & Co. for Morris to Ritchie & Co. 84, weighing 82,060, at 5¾; Print to McMahon 35, weighing 39,550; Hedges & Taylor for Browning to same 8, weighing 6,800; Daniels to Hickman 18, weighing 20,930; Crawford & Co. to Lamb 17, weighing 18,750, at 6¾, off cars; Holden to O'Donnell 46, weighing 52,740, at 6¾; Everett to Klemen 33, weighing 35,930. J Smith to Yohn 22, weighing 19,010; Smith & Blue for Welsh to Black 21, weighing 18,430; Judy to Briggs 61, weighing 75,980; Hedges & Taylor for Wilson to McMahon 38, weighing 35,120, at 6; C. K; Ward to Gillet & Co. 34, weighing 41,570, at 7,55.

HOGS.

The market is quiet and rather dull, compared with last week, prices are are a fraction lower; Philadelphia hogs 10¼@10½; Baltimore hogs 9½@10; and Yorkers 8½@9. The arrivals are only still moderate, though the supply keeps pace with the demand.

SHEEP.

The sheep market was considerably excited yesterday, owning to Philadelphia buyers taking hold pretty freely, and for a time the feeling was strong, and prices higher; subsequently, however, there was a break, the market becoming somewhat demoralized, and the advance was lost. We now quote good 80 pound sheep at 4@4½; and good 90@100 Sheep may be quoted at 4¾@5; common stock dull and neglected—selling at all kinds of prices from 3 cts down.

DETROIT, Sept. 1.—Wheat receipts 14,000 bush; market 2@3c better; extra white $1,63, No. 1 do $1.40@1,41, regular $1.28, amber $1,36. Corn dull at 96@97c. Oats 50@51c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FALL FASHIONS.

[From the New York Tribune.]

The announcement of autumn styles startles one, coming early as it does this season. Not a leaf is yellow on the trees, and the summer fruits are heaped on our tables. Not the less for that, the changeful hues of deep-colored silks and warm shades of merinos tapestry the salesrooms in town. One can't help thinking how tiresome the styles will grow before one is done with them next year. Let the sway of white piques and lucid muslins be prolonged, as far as one can make them, into October. There will be sunny noons enough for them till then. For the sake of being a prompt and thorough chronicler of fashions, which is the only thing it is creditable at all to be, these unseasonably forward styles are recorded under protest. It is pleasant to say that artistic judgment sends new and lovely shades in rich silks for evening wear. First in favor is coral color, the exact tinge of the pink ornaments, like a dull *rose de chine* in a golden light—a soft, lively color, charmingly adapted for wear by creamy brunettes. It lights to perfection, and is best seen with foamy puffings of tulle and white satin ribbons. Black lace robs it of its light. The modest gray purple, like the bloom on a grape known as the elderberry, is a favorite shade abroad, and is sparkling in effect when seen with black laces over white silk bands. These give an exquisite shading, full of delicacy and character. Emerald green, that pure tint that dies on the wave as the foam, is a special favorite this season, the appropriate tint of the *blondes dorees*, who prefer to show their straw-colored mermaid locks with it, and leave celestial blues for the bird-brown blondes, who have that light brown hair just the shade of a sparrow's back. Bird of paradise color and a delicate buff, like peaches and cream blended, belong to brown people. Egyptian dust is a tint like that of yellow marble powdered. Carbuncle and light purple set of each other, and ladies wearing these shades need not fear that their dresses will kill each other. Ashes of roses is a favorite color for the street and evening, both.

That for evening is a tender, purplish, rosy drab, by day a soberer tint is worn. Now, a word about the names of colors. Half a dozen new shades are sent forward every year, which few people rightly know, and sad confusion is the result. No milliner, modiste or salesman should consider business rightly learned till the distinctions of shades are understood. In pink there are five shades commonly used, known as blondine, a delicate whitish tint like that of blush roses; rose color, soft and charming (rose sublime and *rose des Alpes* are seldom seen); rose pink, *rose de chine*, which is a lovely glowing color, approaching cherry, and more like that than it is like rose pink and cherry, which is a strong light red, by no means so deep as true scarlet, though often so miscalled; purplish pinks are known as Solferino colors. In blue the same mystification prevails. Milk-blue is the palest; blue celeste, empress, azurline, Marie Louise, Alexandra and Mexican blues deepen according to their order. All bright light shades are known as Marie Louise, but that by no means ranks as a sky tint.

For street dresses the Alexandra blue, carbuncle sultan, ruby and maroon shades of red, intense according to the order in which they stand; emerald and violine, a shade nearly as deep as Humboldt purple, but more of a reddish tinge, are the variety. The special novelty is peacock color, a deep, uncertain blue, like Tennyson's bays.

"The peacock's neck is here," one of those changing, metallic colors like frog-green or sea-tint. These colors are shown in heavy gros grain, 25 inches wide, at $8 a yard. Poult de soie is a light silk of nearly the same appearance as gros-grain, quite as much esteemed on account of its finer quality. The fine corded silks are revived to favor this season. These are known by the distance at which the cords are woven; gros d' Afrique the widest, gros de Suisse moderate, and gros de Londres, now admired, the finest. These corded silks wear well. Gros de Londres is $4,50 a yard.

While among the silks, it is well to notice the wedding fabrics in snowy magnificence. White gros grain, twenty-five inches wide, is $7 to $8 yard. White armurs are newer and admired for wedding dress. Ottoman velours are splendid, the thick satiny cords throwing the light off in silvery sheets, instead of the painful angles *of glace* silks, which painters dislike. This and the armure, which I prefer still to the white ottoman, are $8 a yard. White *gros de Londres* makes pretty bridal dresses, and is more moderate in price, $4,50.

Poult de soie, twenty-eight inches wide, is $10 a yard. A new bluish shade, known as chalk-white, is shown in faille, at $5. Faille differs from gros-grain only in having a rounder thread, and is sometimes bought for the latter, as only an expert can tell the difference.

The finest white satin ever brought to this country, the finest indeed that is woven, is shown for bridal dresses. It it is very smooth and finished finely on the under side; the width 27 inches, and the price $15 a yard. The pattern for a wedding dress is 15 yards.

In evening goods there is no variety yet opened. Black silks embroidered in corn flowers and carnations by hand are new. A beautiful Parisian fabric is in alternate stripes of blue satin, two inches wide separating wider ones of white taffeta with roses *chinee* at intervals. This is $7,50 a yard, 14 yards formingthe pattern. This is made as an under skirt only, the upper dress of white crape or solid colored silk with charming effect.

The deep dust-colored pongee is worn in Paris for street and carriage dress, with crape shawl of the same shade, instead of any upper garment. Relieved by black velvet, now so much, used, the effect must be particularly unique.

Among the riobons, fine velvets for the hair are shown in light colors, barred with tinsel and black. Light Roman ribbons for the neck are fringed on one side; seventy-five cents a yard. Narrow Wetteau ribbons, to match the sashes, are thirty cents. A rich Autumn ribbon is brown gros grain, with raised yellow satin cords striping it; $1 a yard. In sashes, black taffeta, the most common, is $1 25 for six inch width; gros grain, the same, is $2. Taffeta, nine inches wide, is $2 60 a yard; gros grain, seven inches, $2 50. Ottoman ribbon, with heavy cord, has silk face and linen filling, six inches wide; it is $1.50 a yard. Wide watered ribbon is $2.50. Black taffeta ribbons, embroidered with tiny chintz sprays, in color, are seven inches wide, and $3.25 a yard. Black velvet, four inches wide, $1.

Roman sashes, white barred with blue, green, and gold, $2,75 a yard; white barred with pink satin and sprigged with chintz bouquets, are $3. Large block plaids broken by a satin stripe come in light colors, with white, at $3. Reversible ribbons on heavy, gros-grained, satin finish; black on one side, colored on the other, black and gold, black and green are frequently seen, $3,75 a yard. Watteau ribbons are barred and striped in the palest colors, pea-green and blonde, sky-blue and straw, usually, relieved by markings of black and gold; price $2 a yard. The proper length for sashes is three yards, which allow for passing round the waist, and tying in large bows, or three loops, behind. Embroidered sashes are imported in white taffeta, with sprays of roses or field flowers on the end, $20. The most expensive are woven in pale colors, for instance, tender sashes of roses tint with roses *chinee* on the body of the ribbon, and large clusters of Luxembourg, damask, and Provence roses on the ends, and rich fringe; price, $36.

Black silk, in its increasing varieties, should have separate mention. Taffetas range from –1,75 to $4, the price for Bonnet's taffeta, which is as good an artcle as one should put into a street dress. The different brands of silk are well known, Bonnet's the best for fineness' Ponson's for heavy quality, and Tapissier's, combining much of the excellence of both the others. The price of gros grain is from $2,50, which is the lowest' to $7,50 for excellent qualities. Armure silk is $4,50; Ratzmir, $3 to $5,50. Stewart's own brands of silk are now popularly asked for, and deservedly so, as they are made expressly for American trade in the very best manner. There are two grades. Stewart's family silk is double boiled, double chain silk, with satin face, 25 inches wide, beautiful, lustruos, and soft as well prepared kid; the best quality is $7,50, the lowest $3,25. The best quality is known by the red and blue edge next the selvege. Stewart's imperial silk compares with Bonnets best, is heavy, soft and fine, with incomparable gloss and satin appearance; $3,50 to $7,50. Nothing, however, yet surpasses Bonnet's triple chain gros grain, which will neither catch dust, crack, or crush by wearing; $5,50 a yard.

The splendid silks known as Tapissier's and Bonnet's 27-inch silk, are $12 and $13 respectively. Tapissier's is heavier, but Bonnet's softer. Antwerp silk, 47 inches wide, is $16 to 20 a yard.

Watered silk, now wore more than moire antique is $4,50 to $7,50. The latter is $3,50 to $13.

Satin de Lyon, twenty-five inches wide, is $4,50 to $6. English or Queen's satin $3,50 a yard, twenty inches wide. Striped material, alternate satin and silk, all black, in stripes two inches wide, is sold at $6, twenty-five inch width, for underskirts or rich house dresses.

In popular goods, the mongoline is a pretty fabric of silk and linen in hair stripes of black on gray peacock and violine grounds—$1.50 per yard. Pure soft silk in hair check of black, on popular dark colors is $1.75, nineteen inches wide. An admired pattern is gray and black stripes an inch wide, the gray broken by a black hair line. The popular silks for fall will be black, with gay or *canaille* stripes, as they are called. Scotch plaids wil also be worn in silk. Serges, in dull, fashionable colors, are $1.75. The autumn *perichole* goods, heavier than the summer fabric of that name, are of linen and silk, with fine satin stripes of bright color on light ground.

In mixed wool goods there are the silk-faced serges, the velour, and armure poplins, in golden green, peacock, copper and other metallic shades. The new silver gray epingline, as beautiful as a corded silk, is $3 a yard.

In wool goods the soft Biarritz cloth, seven-eighths of a yard wide, is like an empress cloth, with cord running lengthwise; it is very soft and heavy, like the best cashmere. The alaska cloth is also like corduroy, with the ribs woven the long way of the cloth instead of across. The price of both is $1,50, and they come in the shades of red that are popular, in bright green and blue, brown and stone colors. Plaid all-wool serges, for cloaks, two and a half yards wide, are $2,50.

Vanderbilt's Revenge.

The New York correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says:

It is charged on the Commodore that he is very arbitrary, and rides roughshod over smaller men; that he is imperious, autocratic and deranges the market at his will. These men who complain forget how they treated Vanderbilt when he first came to the surface as a financier. He was treated as an interloper. Men were rude toward him and snubbed him on every occasion. He wanted a favor of the Hudson River Road. The President, then a railroad king, treated him very rudely, and when Vanderbilt left his office he told him he would see the day when he would be his master. The threat was fulfilled earlier than either party supposed. The Commodore walked into the office of the President and gave him his walking papers. One of Collin's ships was disabled. Vanderbilt wanted one of his ships put on till the lost steamer could be replaced. Collins was then in his glory, and repulsed Vanderbilt not very graciously, to which the Commodore replied that he would drive Collins' Line off the ocean, and he did. When he came among railroad men they treated him with no consideration or fairness, and obliged him, before he could get a foothold, to bring his stock into Wall street and have it locked up in charge of other parties. He took his position when the railroad men in the State conspired to slaughter him in connection with Harlem. He gained a decided victory, slaughtered his enemies by hundreds, became master of the situation, and is not at all unwilling that the men who sought his financial ruin shall feel his power.

A RECENT invention in Newark, says the *Register*, is calculated to work a great change in photography. By it all kinds of photographs are taken under the gas light as successfully as by the aid of the brighest sun. The apparatus resembles a sort of miniature Turkish dome standing on the floor, about six feet high, five feet wide, and six and a half feet long. In front of this stands a camera, and within a chair and steadying apparatus. Near the top and at the left hand front of this structure is a clock lamp for burning and feeding the magnesium wire that furnishes the light for the art purposes required in photography. In taking a picture the subject enters the rear of the structure and seats himself. The camera is adjusted, a match is applied to the magnesium wire and a brilliant light results, which in half a minute produces as fine a picture as is ever made by daylight.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Compaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they entirely ruin the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Compaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each. It is not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7,50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, exhaustions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET,

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR.—We are now receiving very choice Southern Wheat and making our Flour entirely from it.

PEARL THREE STAR GREEN BRAND, CHOICE PASTRY AND FANCY FLOUR, made from selected White Winter Wheat.

PEARL TWO STAR BLUE BRAND, the best family flour in the market, made from choice White and Amber Wheat.

PEARL ONE STAR RED BRAND, made from choice Red Wheat, high ground and gives very good satisfaction. As a CHEAP FLOUR it takes the lead of any in the market.

Our cleaning machinery is not surpassed by any in the country.

See that all sacks are sealed and labeled with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.
August 9, 1869. au10

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 367 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills, 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 465 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massillon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WAIT, JANG & CO.,
jy21 174 and 174 Wood street.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 137 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 u3

EDUCATIONAL.

BISHOPTHORPE SCHOOL for GIRLS, will begin its second year D. V. on the 15th of SEPTEMBER next. The number of pupils all of whom live in the house, is limited to thirty. French is taught by a resident governess, and so far as possible is made the language of the family. Address, for circulars, etc., MISS CHASE, Bishopthorpe, Bethlehem, Penna. au30

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.—A Collegiate School for Young Ladies, No. 62 GRANT STREET. The Fall Term of this School will open on MONDAY, September 13th. Both Day and Boarding Pupils received.

For information or admission apply to
au5: REV. R. J. COSTER, Rector.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH, For Young Ladies and Misses, Boarding and Day Pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.

MADAME D'HERVILLY,
Jy20:TTHS Principal.

STEUBENVILLE (O.) FEMALE SEMINARY.—Delightfully situated on the banks of Ohio. Forty years in successful operation. Unusual advantages in solid and ornamental branches. School Year of Forty Weeks begins September 7. 1869. Entire expense about $5 00 a week. Twenty-five per cent. deduction for daughters of ministers. Send for Catalogue to REV. CHARLES C. BEATTY, D. D., LL.D., Superintendent, or REV. A. M. REID, A. M., Principal. au5:THSTF3t

EPISCOPAL CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

The Fall Term of this School begins SEPTEMBER 6, at 9 A. M., in its new rooms, 293 LIBERTY STREET. (Keystone Bank Building.)

Application for the admission of pupils may be made at the School Room during the week preceding the day of opening, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.

It is very desirable that all pupils be present the first day of the term.

Parents having sons to educate for College or business are invited to communicate with the Principal.

Rev. T. L. BELLAM, A. M.
au26:n47

IRVING INSTITUTE.

A Select School for YOUNG LADIES, Nos. 10, 12 and 14 Sixth street.

This School is provided with first-class accommodations, strictly select, and combines all the advantages afforded by the best Female Seminaries.

Fall Term commences on MONDAY, September 6th. Number of students limited.

Circulars at the Book Stores, or at No. 31 Lincoln Avenue, Allegheny City, the residence of the Principal, who, on and after Wednesday, September 1st, can be seen at the Rooms of the Institute, from 9 to 12 A. M.

MRS. E. A. SMITH,
au9:n22-MTH PRINCIPAL.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL,

No. 29 NINTH STREET, late Hand,

Will open WEDNESDAY, Sept 1st. The School has elegant and commodious rooms, a full corps of able and competent teachers, and every facility for a thorough education. Besides the usual advantages of Maps, Charts and Philosophical Apparatus, pupils will have the benefit of a large and valuable Cabinet of Natural History. Applications for admission may be made personally or by letter to the principal, at No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.

REV. S. M. GLENN, A. M.,
au31:n76 TTHS PRINCIPAL.

CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

Mr. WM. H. WAKEHAM,

(A well-known and successful Teacher), having returned from the East, will resume his professional duties by opening a Select School for boys preparing for College or Business. Fall Term will begin on MONDAY, September 6th, in a handsome suite of rooms (now being fitted up) over the Allegheny Savings Bank, Federal street, Allegheny City. Apply to Principal at his former residence, 37 Union avenue, Allegheny. Circulars can be had at the Book Stores.
au27:n60 WM. H. WAKEHAM.

Miss M. MARKHAM,

(Late Associate Principal of Irving Institute,)

WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR

Young Ladies and Misses,

MONDAY, September 6, 1869.

At the rooms lately occupied by the Curry Institute, No 52 and 54 Sixth street (late St. Clair).

Circulars can be had at all the principal Bookstores, or any information may be obtained of Miss Markham, at 312 PENN ST., Pittsburgh. au18-n52

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE, REV. I. C. PEBSHING, D.D., President.

A strictly select Ladies' School for Boarders and Day Pupils. The leading Female College in the State and the first in the United States. Its superb buildings, with all the modern improvements. Every private room and hall and school room covered with carpets and mattings.

The institution has full collegiate powers and privileges, and grants diplomas to all who complete the English or Classical course. Thorough and well-selected course of study. TWENTY-TWO TEACHERS. Every department made a specialty.

Parents are earnestly requested to call and make themselves acquainted with the excellent accommodations and unsurpassed facilities.

Fall Term commences SEPTEMBER 1. Send for a catalogue.
au26:n 9 M. SIMPSON, Pres. Trustees.

WYERS' SCIENTIFIC AND CLASSICAL INSTITUTE,

At West Chester, Pa.

The Scholastic Year of 10 months begins WEDNESDAY, September 1st next.

For catalogue, apply to

WM. F. WYERS, A. M.,
au7:n17 PRINCIPAL AND PROPRIETOR.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,

At CHESTER, DELAWARE Co., Pa. (For Boarders only.) The eighth annual session commences Thursday, September 2nd. The buildings are new and very complete in all their appointments. Very thorough instruction in English, ancient and modern languages, and Practical Science. Two graduates of the United States Military Academy devote their time exclusively to the departments of Mathematics and Engineering. Careful attention is given to the moral and religious culture of cadets. Circulars may be obtained of C. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 40 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, or of

COL. THEODORE HOVATT,
President of P. M. Academy, Chester, Pa.
Au 3 m6.

WESTERN UNIVERSITY,

Ross and Diamond Streets,

Fall Term Opens September 2d.

There are Seven Departments—Collegiate, Scientific, Civil and Mechanical Engineering, Military Science, Commercial and Preparatory. In each, instruction is thorough and systematic. The Departments of Civil and Mechanical Engineering were organized last year, and have succeeded beyond all expectation. While the higher departments of the University are well provided for, special care is taken that Preparatory Students are supplied with the best instruction that can be employed. Past success warrants the assertion that students are afforded as good opportunities as can be had at home or abroad.

Call, for the present, from 9½ to 12 A. M., or send for a catalogue.

FACULTY.

GEORGE WOODS, LL. D., President and Professor of Mental and Moral Science.

JOS. F. GRIGGS, A. M., Professor of Greek.

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS, LL. D., Professor of Law.

R. C. JILLSON, PH. B., M. D., Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy and Geology.

MILTON B GOFF, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.

REV. E. P. CRANE, A. M., Professor of Latin and Rhetoric.

S. P. LANGLEY Director of Observatory and Professor of Physics and Astronomy.

MAJ. W. J. L. NICODEMUS, U. S. Army, Professor Military Science and Civil and Mechanical Engineering.

J. E. AYERS, A. M., Adjunct Professor of Latin.

ALPHONSE M. DANSE, Instructor in French.

I. N. FORNER, Principal Commercial Department.

LEVI LUDDEN, A. M Principal Prep. Dep't.

P. F. ROHRBACHER, Professor German and History. au7:n14-ST

EDUCATIONAL.

FEMALE EDUCATION.

MR. AND MRS. H. M. TWINING'S

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

No. 2024 Mt. Vernon St., Philadelphia,

The object of this School is to impart a practical and useful education. For this purpose the rooms are fitted up with every necessary comfort and convenience for twenty scholars only. The most efficient teachers of French, German and Drawing are engaged.

An ample supply of Philosophical and Chemical apparatus is provided for the illustration of natural science.

A pamphlet Prospectus of the School will be furnished on application by letter or otherwise.
au15-d&F

ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY,

Under the Care of the Sisters of Mercy,

WESTMORELAND CO., PA.

This Institution is situated near the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in a most beautiful and healthy part of Westmoreland county, about three miles from Latrobe.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions, commencing the Monday after the 15th of August.

Board and tuition per session, (payable in advance).....$95 00
Bed and bedding per session..... 2 00
Stationery " " 2 00
Doctor's fees " " 2 00

The Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, &c., form extra charges.

All communications should be directed to the Directress of St. Xavier's Academy, St. Vincent's P. O., Westmoreland county, Pa.

N. B.—A carriage is in attendance at Beaty's Station every Wednesday, to meet the morning accommodation train from Pittsburgh.

Studies will commence August 23d.

Prospectuses can be had on application to the Directress of the Academy. au4:n4

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of "The Hopewell Old School Presbyterian Church, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania" for a Charter of Incorporation, at No. 604 September Term, 1869.

Notice is hereby given that the "HOPEWELL OLD SCHOOL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, of Findley Township, Allegheny county, Pa.," have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.

au2 J. H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the County of Allegheny, I will expose to sale at Public Auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of August, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., all that certain lot or piece of ground situate on the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, Fourth ward, City of Allegheny, county aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 28 in the original plan of said city, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south-east corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, and running thence south along Sandusky street thirty (30) feet to the corner of lot now or late of Harvey Childs; thence along the line of same parallel with Gay alley one hundred feet eastwardly (100); thence on a line parallel with Sandusky street northwardly thirty feet (30) to Gay alley; and thence along said Gay alley westwardly one hundred feet (100) to the corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, the place of beginning, on which there is erected a large two story Brick Dwelling House fronting on Sandusky street, and a large Brick Stable and Carriage House in the rear. Terms—One-half cash upon the sale being confirmed, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

LIZZIE E. PERCHMENT,
Administratrix of A. Perchment, deceased.
au5:n11-TE

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:

In the Court of Common Pleas.

In the matter of the application of the Reformed Presbyterian Congregation of Pittsburgh for a Charter of Incorporation.

No. 745, of September Term, 1869.

And now, August 14, 1869, petition and instrument of writing presented in open Court and ordered to be filed; and the Court direct that notice be published in the Pittsburgh GAZETTE for three weeks, setting forth that the said Congregation has made application to said Court for a Charter of Incorporation, and that the same will be granted at the next (september) Term, unless sufficient reason be shown to the contrary.

[From the Record,]

JACOB H. WALTER,
au19:n54-TH Prothonotary.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

SAMUEL BAILEY and WILLIAM G. McCANDLESS, partners as Bailey & McCandless, bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all their debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 29th day of SEPTEMBER, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116, Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts.

S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.
au25:n56 TH

WESTERN DISTRICT OF Pennsylvania ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOHN A. EMERY and EDSON EMERY, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and state of Pennsylvania within said District, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Jy22:m45TH Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of JOHN GEORGE GIMBEN, deceased, having been this day granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, and all claims against the same should be presented to me, duly authenticated.

FRANCISCA GIMBEN, Administratrix,
jy25:m63 TH No. 146 Third St., Allegheny.

HOPKINS STREET.—Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of July, 1869, at June Term, 1866, Quarter Sessions Court, a petition for vacation of a portion of Hopkins street, City of Allegheny, was presented and ordered to be filed, and rule granted to show cause why a portion of said street should not be closed up and vacated.

JOHN C. McCOMBS,
Jy12:m5-MTH Attorney for Petitioners.

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

au26:h4

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, August 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Paving and Curbing SARAH ALLMAN STREET from Twenty-sixth to Twenty-eighth street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, September 6th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

au28 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Scale, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salmon, Bass, Sturgeon, Herring and Mackinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh28

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE. H. W. WILLIAMS, Sole Lessee and Manager. This popular establishment having been entirely RENOVATED, REDECORATED AND IMPROVED, will open for the Fall and Winter Season on THURSDAY, September 2d, with the great Italian Premier Danseuse, SIGNORA OSERTO, and an entire new Company. Ladies' Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday at 2½ o'clock. sel

FIFTH AVENUE HALL, No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Hazlep's Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Sewer Commission be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows: On Hazlep's alley, from Fairmont street to North Avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 26th day of August A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. P. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK.
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

AN ORDINANCE

Fixing the Width of Sidewalks for Alleys.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same*, That hereafter the width of sidewalks on all alleys 24 feet wide and over shall be five feet.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 26th day of August, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK.
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. au31

AN ORDINANCE

Changing the Name of Spring Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same*, That the name of Spring alley, in the First ward, be changed to Coleman street.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 12th day of August, A

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city for six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week: by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Slight Frost yesterday morning.

Autumn came in beautifully yesterday.

The Allegheny Police were paid off yesterday.

Business at the Allegheny Mayor's office was light last month.

Straw Hats, linen coats and similar wear have suddenly disappeared within a few days.

The Firemen's aquatic contest promises to be an exciting affair. Both crews are practicing daily.

Sixteen prisoners were taken from the county jail to the Work House yesterday, increasing the number of inmates of that institution to sixty-four.

Seriously Ill.—Rev. John Douglass, D. D, of this city, we regret to learn has been confined to his room by serious illness during the past week. Though not yet convalescent hopes are entertained that he has passed the critical period and will soon be able to again occupy his pulpit.

Aquatic.—Articles of agreement have been signed, and a deposit of fifty dollars a side made, by Joseph Kaye, Jr., and Patrick Luther, for a three mile race over the Allegheny course, to take place Saturday, September 4th inst. The race is to be for a purse of $300, and as the contestants are both known to be experts at sculling, a lively race may be anticipated.

Slight Fire.—Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock an alarm of fire was struck from box 76, Brady street. The alarm was caused by the burning of the roof attached to Father Burke's house, near the Soho bridge, on Second avenue. The Relief steamer was out and the flames were subdued before any damage was done. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue.

The New Fifth Ward School.—The formal opening of the Fifth Ward (Allegheny) Public School building, corner of Fulton and Page streets; will take place this evening at 7½ o'clock. Music by the Allegheny Quartette Club, and several addresses may be expected. Parents and guardians of the children of the ward, and all others friendly to the cause of popular education are cordially invited to be present.

New Office.—Hereafter City Superintendent Luckey and Secretary Sargeant, of the Central Board of Education, will be found at their new office, No. 81 Fourth avenue, which was occupied for the first time yesterday. The rooms are located in the third story of the building, and have been fitted up in a tasteful and comfortable manner. The meetings of the Central Board will also be held at this place in the future.

Absconding Boarder.—A few days ago a stranger obtained boarding at the house of Mr. Showers, in the Third ward, Allegheny. Tuesday night the new boarder disappeared without any formal leave-taking or making arrangements for the settlement of his little bill. Simultaneous with his departure eighty-nine dollars disappeared from the pocket-book of his room mate, who had in the confidence of human nature left the article in his pants when retiring to rest. The Allegheny police were notified, but the chap by this time is doubtless beyond their reach.

Another Robbery.—Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock, two young men entered the store of Mr. Wm. Welty, in the Sixth ward, Allegheny, and while one attracted the attention of the attendant, a little boy, to the back part of the store, the other went through the money drawer, abstracting therefrom about $38. The robbery was not discovered until the proprietor came in sometime after and examined the drawer for the missing funds. From the discription of the men, given by the boy, he identified them as two well known characters, and accordingly made information before Mayor Drum last evening. A warrant was issued.

Fire Alarm Telegraph.

The following is the report of the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, showing the number of alarms, number of fires, number of strokes on the bell, estimated amount of property destroyed and the insurance thereon for the month of August:

There were seven fires during the month. The number of blows struck on the central bell, 365; on the Seventeenth ward bell, 222; on the Twenty-third ward bell, 155. Total amount of loss, $1,235. Total amount of insurance, $435. Largest fire of the month, hoop-skirt factory of Shirboles & Livingston, on the 11th. The loss at this fire was $560. Insured for $435.

Highway Robbery.

Mr. J. H. Wadsworth, a farmer, from West Deer township, came to the city Tuesday with a load of straw, which he disposed of and afterwards entered a saloon on Penn street where he took several drinks. While in the saloon two young men, according to his statement, prevailed upon him to take a ride out the road. The party got in the wagon and when in a piece of woods near East Liberty the young men attacked him, knocked him down and after stamping him until he was insensible "went through" his pockets and relieved him of $25, all the money he had. When he returned to conciousness he ran to East Liberty, arriving there about eleven o'clock, and remained until next morning. His horses were found the next day tied to the fence, but nothing has been heard of the villains who perpetrated the robbery.

A Merited Appointment.

We learn with pleasure that Robert McCready, one of the most efficient detectives on the Mayor's force, has received the appointment of Assistant Assessor of the Twenty-second District. The appointment could not have been given to a better man. Mr. McCready is a man of quick perception and excellent business qualification. He was a good soldier, having entered the army as a private and rose to the rank of Lieutenant by promotion for meritorious conduct. Our only regret is losing the services of Mr. McCready as a detective, as it will be a difficult matter to procure a man to fill his place in that capacity. His intelligence, ready perception and unequaled daring rendered him an efficient and effective officer. We congratulate him, however, on his promotion, as his remuneration will in the service of the United States be more in accordance with his abilities than the pittance he was receiving from the city.

Pugilistic—An Interesting Fight of Thirty Minutes on the Pavement of the Mayor's Office—Arrest of One of the Participants—Escape of the Other.

About ten o'clock last night while engaged in conversation with several gentlemen, on the corner of Fourth avenue and Smithfield street, our attention was attracted to the Mayor's office pavement, where a small party of men were assembled and engaged in blasphemous conversation which might have been heard fully two squares away. The mutual abuse of each other, between two of the prominent figures, soon led to blows, and we at once repaired to the scene to watch the progress of the fight having full confidence in the stayawaytiveness of the police until the skirmish was over. We found the pugilists to be two well known characters whose lives have been marked with court trials, penitentiary confinement and pardons, all through the effects of bad whisky and pugnacious dispositions—excepting the pardon business which resulted from an over confidence in human nature, on the part of their respective friends. They fought and "fit" wickedly for twenty minutes, by the watch, and succeeded admirably, to use a classical expression, in putting an additional head on the shoulders of each other. Friends interfered and a cessation of hostilities ceased for three minutes, when a mutual interchange of opinion occurred, in relative to the muscular inferiority of each other. Several fine specimens of neatly constructed sentences, in which holy names were ingeniously interblended with a feminine noun singularly suggestive of Sirius the reigning star, and then they went to work again. Blows were exchanged in rapid succession and with good effect, bringing the claret in such copious draughts as to fully substantiate Harvey's discovery that blood will flow. They interlocked arms in a brotherly embrace, and then with a thud both tumbled to the pavement, rolled over into the gutter and kissed mother earth through the soft sides of cobble stones. One of them, who was the better pugilist, got the head of his friend in chancery and proceeded to make an impression using the flexors and extensors of his good right arm with telling effect.

They were separated for round third. No intermeddling "Charlie" had yet appeared, although by the watch twenty-five minutes had passed away. We wanted the colors made complete at this stage of the mill, for red there was enough in blood, white, there was plenty in the pale faces of the powerless on-lookers, but the blue was missing. A few personal remarks passsed when one of the participants made a feint to draw something out of his pocket, perhaps a knife, perhaps a pistol or perhaps a city ordinance, but, whatever the movement meant, it was a signal for the other to launch forth a terrific blow squarely into the "smeller"—that's what the b'hoys call the nasal organ—and the battle was renewed. Both came to mother earth and rolled over into the gutter, and beneath a carriage immediately under the heels of a pair of horses, both of which had the sound equine sense neither to kick nor to move, nor to aid in any manner in *heeling* the woes of our heroes. Like the police, they kept perfectly quiet. Our pugilists, in this awkward position remained for about three minutes, both endeavoring to gouge and bite, notwithstanding the fact that such proceedings were out of order and foul (according to rule VI of the P. R. code, page 7 of Green's Manly Art of Self Defense). No aquatic sport was present to cry foul, however, and neither one felt just at that juncture like taking water or a waterman's tactics as much as blood.

They parted. Twenty-eight minutes by the watch, and yet no police. The crowd of spectators at this time was quite large, and a gentleman proposed forming a ring, but the ropes were not laid, and this masterly exhibition of muscular strength and endurance under the gas light of the Mayor's office, at ten of the clock on a clear and pretty September night, assumed no more dignified or romantic character than a street brawl, an ordinary, plebeian fisticuff; in fact, we are ashamed to admit, for the sporting reputation of our parkless community, that this magnificent affair will enter into history as a rough and tumble street fight, and nothing more!

Round four was commenced in good style. One of the parties got in a stunner on the gridirons (ribs) of the other, which was returned by a bunch of fives lodging in the "bread basket" (stomach) of the giver. Then a sockdolager landed in the "potato trap" (mouth) of the bigger man, bringing him to a pavement contract, and both now went to work in right good earnest. We, sickened and out of pity exclaimed, "is Pittsburgh pennyless, parkless and policeless?" But no, relief for Lucknow was now at hand, and a full body of maced men darted around the corner and quick as thought the ring was broken and the pugilists separated. Word had been telegraphed to Capt. Reed, who dispatched a squad at once to the place. One of the party was arrested, while, through some misunderstanding, the other, in charge of the arresting officer, took a walk in a different direction than to the tombs and escaped.

Seriously, the affair was a disgrace to the city, and while we cannot with any justice find fault with the Mayor, or indeed with his police, for permitting the occurrence to go on so long unnoticed, still it shows a lack of organization and an imperfect distribution of the forces. Had the fight occurred at a later hour or in a different locality than on the very pavement of the Mayor's office, we should express no surprise that it lasted half an hour before the guardians of the night put an end to the sanguinary proceedings.

Now comes the sequel or funny part of the story. On visiting the tombs we found that one of the pugilists had been incarcerated early in the evening for disorderly conduct on Smithfield street. That the man with whom he subsequently had the mill left an ample forfeit with Capt. Reed for his appearance this morning, and procured his release; and that the party had merely passed through the hall of the Mayor's office to the street when the fight between them took place. It looks as if the prisoner had been taken out for the purpose of having the fight. Both men were terribly used up, and their faces were almost beaten into jelly. Their punishment at each others hands seems enough penalty for their innocent amusement, but we presume they will be severely dealt with by the authorities.

Personal.

We cut the following from the Cape Ann *Weekly Advertiser*, and gladly give it a place in our columns: "On Tuesday morning we received a call from Mr. James Conner, one of the largest wholesale grocers and fish dealers in Pittsburgh, Penn., who has been in town the past week, negotiating for a supply of mackerel direct from our dealers, and has already purchased the largest lot ever sold to any western dealer in one day. In this he has shown a commendable spirit of enterprise, and has saved at least one profit. This will be greatly to the benefit of his patrons, who no doubt will appreciate his efforts to serve them."

THE POINT HOMICIDE.

Coroners Inquest—The Testimony and Verdict.

The Coroners jury empannelled to inquire, into the cause, and after what manner, Andrew Tierney came to his death, met yesterday at half past ten oclock, when the following testimony was taken:

THE TESTIMONY.

Dr. Wm. H. Daly, sworn—On the evening of the 28th of August at 8½ o'clock, I was called in hast to see Andrew Tierney (deceased). Found him lying in bed, suffering great agony. On turning down the clothing and removing his shirt discovered about three feet of the intestines protruding from a wound in the hypocondriac region of the abdomen. Explored the wound and found it leading inward and upward, penetrating the diapraghm. The knife passed between the superior surface of the liver and the wall of the abdomen to penetrate this structure. There was great prostration from the shock to the system. The face was ashy pale and the countenance wore an anxious expression. After returning the bowels, which was a very difficult matter, owing to the nature of the wound, it was dressed with the assistance of Dr. Hamilton, who arrived about that time. There were two other wounds—one in the right iliac region, penetrating the abdominal wall; the other in the ear, which was arrested by the knife coming in contact with the mastoid process of the temporal bone. This wound bled very coplously. The next morning the man was pretty comfortable, considering his condition. When seen, reaction was still incomplete. He was not suffering much pain—anodynes had been administered to control that. He spoke to me intelligently and answered my questions, but seemed a great deal anxious about his condition and had an expression of terror about his face, which is always ominous in cases of that kind. Dr. Hamilton saw him with me on Sunday morning at my request. I saw him again Sunday evening alone. His condition then was not materially changed, with perhaps the exception of a very slight improvement. I visited him again Monday morning about ten o'clock, finding him in a very critical condition, I was informed that he had had a change for the worse about 4 A. M. He was lying on his back with his knees drawn up breathing very laboriously and irregularly, skin cold and clammy: pulse feeble and easily compressed; some restorative measures were resorted to and sometime during the afternoon I saw him again. At that time there was evidence of rather better condition than in the evening, but he was suffering violent pain, and was with difficulty restrained in his bed, his delirium was great. I administered some medicine and he seemed quieter before I left. About nine P. M., I called on Dr. W. R. Hamilton and requested him to see the man with me again, and on our way to the house I was informed that the patient was dead. He died about half past eight on Monday evening, forty-eight hours after he received the injury. A *post mortem* examination was made about fifteen hours after death. The man appeared to be about thirty-five years of age, with a strongly built frame. We made an incision from the sternum to lower part of the abdomen. We carried another incision from the navel to the back on the right side, in order to expose the parts that had sustained the injury without touching them with the knife; we found the wound about as I stated in my evidence a moment ago, except that I add that the wound was larger on the inner surface than on the outer one. There was circumscribed portions of peritoneal inflamation, in different parts of the abdomen, and in the region of the wound. That portion of the intestines protruding from the bowels was inflamed by being exposed for a half hour to friction with foreign matter. There was but little blood found in the abdominal cavity, not over one half an ounce. The wound in the diaphragm was from an inch and a quarter to one and a half in length and rather of a gaping character from its direction across the muscular fibres. The wound in the iliac region of the abomen was not of much consequence; it penetrated the wall. The wound in the region of the ear was not of a serious nature, though the hemorrhage was profuse. After a close observance of the case my opinion is that the man died from the shock produced by the upper wound in the abdomen, and chiefly so from the fact that the wound penetrated the diaphraghm.

Dr. W. R. Hamilton, sworn—I attended on the deceased. Was called to see him on Saturday at 9 P. M., found Dr. Daly there returning the protruded intestines. The man was in the condition as described by Dr. Daly. I assisted the Doctor in dressing the man's injuries. Visited him with Dr. Daly the next morning and found him in the condition as described by the Doctor. I saw nothing more of him until after his death. Assisted in making the *post mortem* examination. The external wounds were as described by Dr. Daly. The length of the upper wound in the integument was about one and a half inches in extent, situated in front of and beneath the angle of the ribs, on the right side, in the right hypocondriac region. The wound on the inside of the abdomen was of greater extent that the external wound. There were evidences of peritoneal inflamation, especially of that portion of the intestine that had protruded. There was an opening in the diaphragm as described by Dr. Daly, and conjestion of the lung, near the wound. Such a wound could be made with a pocket knife. It is my impression that the wound was inflicted by an under cut, and I think the wound enlarged as the knife was withdrawn. I have no doubt the man died from the effects of the wound just referred to, from shock as the consequence of the wound.

Michael Mullen, sworn—I saw the difficulty between Michael Gill and deceased. It was at Snyder's saloon on Penn street. Andrew Tierney, Michael Gill and a man named Burke were in there when I came in, playing a game of forty-fives. Burke went home, and Andrew Tierney wanted me to have a game of cards with him. Myself and Michael Gill, John Tierney and Andrew Tierney played—John Tierney and Michael Gill were partners. Andrew Tierney dealt the cards and put seven cards to himself. John Tierney told him he had seven cards. He said, no he had not. They commenced to play that hand and Gill "reniged" a card and Andrew Tierney told him of it. Gill said he did not. Tierney slapped the cards down and got up from the table. We all got up. Andrew Tierney said, "You know Gill, you 'reniged;'" Gill said, "You are a liar, I did not" "You call me a liar," said Tierney, and struck Gill in the face. John Tierney came between them and separated them. They commenced to argue again. Tierney said to Gill "if you call me a liar again I will punch you." "Never you mind," said John Snyder, "if there is any punching to be done I will do it," and he put Andrew Tierney out of the house and Gill went out immediately after him. They commenced to fight outside on the pavement, in front of Snyder's saloon, and were striking each other. I looked on and saw the blood all over Tierney's neck. I then slipped in closer to them and saw a knife in Michael Gill's left hand; he had his left hand on Tierney's right shoulder. I made a grab at his hand and caught it. He drew his hand away from me, and that is all I saw of the knife. They then let go, and Tierney called out, "Gill, you have killed me. My guts are out." I did not see Gill after that. Tierney walked home.

Wm. Keady, sworn—I was at the corner of Point alley and Penn street when the affray occurred. I heard some men making a great deal of noise on the upper side of the street. It was between half-past seven and eight o'clock. There were five or six persons with me and we went across to see what was the matter. I saw two men having hold of each other, a small man and a large one. The large man had a knife in his hand. I made the remark to part those men, that one of them had a knife. I went to part them and some one pulled me away and said to keep out of that muss and I walked away. I heard the man say, "you have let my guts out." He said it in Irish. The other man replied: "Devil a knife I had." I then walked back again to the man that was cut and asked him where he was cut. He had his hand holding the wound. Two men came and took him down Point street. The other man ran across the street and I think ran down Point alley.

John Tierney, sworn—Deceased was my cousin. I was with the party playing cards the night of the fight. (The witness here stated what occurred in the bar room.) Snyder put them out after Tierney pushed Gill. Gill followed him out, and as he was going out he said to Tierney, "you will suffer for that lick before you go home." He spoke it in Irish. Snyder closed the door and then I went out. As soon as Andrew saw me he cried out, "oh John, I am killed, Gill has cut my guts out with a knife." He told me to hold the man. Gill stood back in the crowd, and I started to take the wounded man home. I did not see the knife.

After a few minutes' deliberation the jury returned the following verdict: "That the said Andrew Tierney came to his death, Monday evening, August 30, 1869, at half past eight o'clock, by reason of wounds inflicted with a knife in the hands of Michael Gill, Saturday evening, August 28, 1869, near Snyder's Saloon, on Penn street, in the First ward, Pittsburgh.

The Humboldt Executive Committee

Held its regular weekly meeting last night and transacted a good deal of business, but little of which was of public interest. A change was made regarding the pic-nic. The badges are to be sold at 25 cents each, and the possession of a badge entitles each person to be transported to and from the grounds at Friendship Grove and also to admission.

Dr. Gross very kindly offered the use of his grove for the day, and the offer was accepted. The selection of this grove will, we believe, be very satisfactory to all, as its freshness and verdure will be attractions, which the much used Iron City Park can not offer. Arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania Railroad for two special trains to carry persons to the picnic grounds. Mr. Kredel was appointed Marshal of the division of the procession from the north of the rivers. The procession is to form on Sixth street, right resting on Grant, at precisely 8½ o'clock, on the morning of the 14th. The route of procession must necessarily be short in order to give time to hear the addresses in Allegheny and be at the Union Depot again by 12 o'clock. A large attendance at the picnic is confidently expected on account of the significance of the occasion and because of the extremely reasonable charges.

The Committee resolved to endeavor on Friday morning to secure subscriptions for as much money for the monument as possible.

The rehearsals for the concert are going on swimmingly.

The Park Commission has contracted for the masonry of the foundation of the monument, and Professor Blaeser has been telegraphed to regarding the bust.

The Committee adjourned to meet again on Friday evening.

Good News.

It will be good news to many of our readers to learn that the famous "Continental," next door below the Postoffice, will be reopened to-day. The enterprising proprietor, Mr. William Holtzheimer, during the brief season it has been closed has had the establishment renovated and refitted throughout in the most complete manner, which now places it in the front rank for neatness, cleanliness and elegance. To-day, in honor of the reopening, the patrons will be treated to an extra dinner, prepared in that style for which the "Continental" is so peculiarly celebrated, when all the delicacies of the season, consisting in part of reed birds and shell oysters, the first of the season, green sea turtle steak and soup, clams and clam soup, with other innumerable dainties of a rare and appetizing character will be spread upon the board. The most fastidious epicure will find something to tempt his appetite at this royal feast, which will be worthy of the occasion and the reputation of the establishment. Mr. Holtzheimer is determined upon keeping up the standard of the "Continental," and the banquet of to-day will give his patrons a fuller idea of his superior excellence as a caterer to the public tastes, while at the same time it cannot fail to be doubly gratifying as an evidence of the liberal principles upon which the establishment is to be conducted hereafter. It is a pleasure to record evidences of this character, of business tact and enterprise, which in the future, as in the past, will certainly be amply remunerated in increased patronage and greater popularity than the "Continental" has ever yet enjoyed.

New Postoffice.

A Postoffice has been established at Oakdale, on the Pandandle Railroad, in this county, and Mr. David Johnston, of that place, commissioned Postmaster. The village of Oakdale, laid out less than two years ago, is already spread over some two hundred acres of area. More than fifty houses have sprung into existence within a few months. Among them are a fine hotel, an express and telegraph office, an extensive malt house, planing mill, saw and grist mill, and a church and academy have been begun and will shortly be completed. Oakdale Station is about one mile east of Noblestown, and fourteen miles from the city by rail. This flourishing new town will quickly rival Noblestown, its ancient neighbor. Its position and advantages are such that it bids fair to become an important center and mart for the rich agricultural district that surrounds it. Mr. C. H. Love, of this city, had the sagacity to foresee the eligibility of the site, and purchasing it some two years ago, laid out a town, and by his characteristic liberality and enterprise has secured the rapid and remarkable growth we have referred to.

M. Johnson, the new Postmaster, is Mr. Love's general agent, and has by his careful and judicious management justified the confidence placed in him.

Look to Your Notes.

A very ingenious trick by which a gang of swindlers are making money by mutilating national bank notes of the denomination of five dollars has been exposed. The dodge consists of making ten bills out of nine, and is so managed that there is but one pasting to each of the manufactured notes. The nine whole bills are taken, and from the right of the first one-tenth is sliced off; from the right of the second two-tenths, and so on to number nine, from which nine-tenths are taken from the right, or what amounts to the same thing, one-tenth from the left. Number one is pasted as it is, with a tenth gone from the right; the one-tenth taken from number one is pasted to the residue of number two, from which two-tenths has been taken; these two-tenths are made to answer the place of the three-tenths taken from number three, and so on through. Thus nine five dollar notes are completed, leaving the original number nine, with a tenth gone from the left, as a tenth note. It will be seen that but a tenth is gone from each bill, and in a different place on every one, and a little ingenious pasting makes the loss imperceptible to ordinary observers. It is asserted that large numbers of these mutilated bills have been circulated. The rogues who have carried out the fraud were cunning in selecting the denomination they did. Larger bills are scrutinized, and smaller ones would not have been so remunerative. The department will not redeem a bill which bears evidence on its face that it has been tampered with, and we advise our friends to scrutinize their five dollar notes closely.

Probably Fatal Accident.

A remarkably singular and probably fatal accident occurred near Noblestown Tuesday evening. It appears that Michael McGee, a laborer at a coal tipple, near Noblestown, was in the latter place Tuesday and after taking several drinks, procured a quart of whiskey which he placed in his side pocket, or most probably inside of his shirt, and started for his boarding house, a short distance from town, and on the way fell down, breaking the bottle and cutting a gash in his right side, under the ribs, about three inches in length, penetrating the abdominal cavity through which the entrails protruded about fourteen inches. He was found shortly after the occurrence and removed to his boarding house, and Dr. Sarber summoned, and some time after Surgeon Donnelly was sent for. Dr. Donnelly on examination found the wound as described above and several smaller wounds made by the broken glass. The man having no friends in this country, Dr. Donnelly had him removed to Mercy Hospital in this city yesterday evening, where he will receive all the attention necessary. His recovery is considered very doubtful.

The Mayor's Office.

The receipts at the Mayor's office during the month of August, from fines, etc., were heavier than those of any previous month during the year, although there was not as much business done, so far as the number of cases are concerned, as in the preceding month. The following report showing the number of cases disposed of and the amount of the receipts, was presented to the Police Committee at their meeting yesterday:

NUMBER OF CASES AND INFORMATIONS.	
Disorderly conduct	239
Drunkenness	344
Vagrancy	26
Informations	53
Total	722
Total discharged	49

RECEIPTS.	
Fines	$1 566 60
Jail receipts	199 00
Night police	241 00
Dramatic	30 00
Pawnbroker's license	300 00
Total	$2,338 60

Housebreakers Operating.

At an early hour yesterday morning some thief entered the house of Mr. Lucius Osgood, on Nunnery Hill, and carried off a vaulable gold watch. He broke open a door in the rear of the house to get in, and made his exit the same way. One of the inmates of the house saw him departing, but he had got away before an alarm could be raised.

Tuesday afternoon during the absence of the inmates, the house of Mr. John Kane, on West street, Third ward, Allegheny, was entered and a silver watch and ten dollars stolen. The theif, must have been in the house some time as he had evidently gone through it completely, apparent in the manner in which numerous articles were scattered over the floor. This is the second time within a few months that the house has been entered by daylight theives.

Slight Fire.

The alarm of fire last night about eleven o'clock, struck from box 75, corner of Butler and Forty-eighth streets, was occasioned by the igniting of a quantity of oil in a still at the Standard Oil Works, near the Sharpsburg bridge. The fire was occasioned by a leak in the still which allowed the oil to fall in the furnace and ignite. For a time a serious conflagration was imminent, but through the strenuous exertions of the attendants the flames were kept in check, although still burning at midnight. No fears, however, were entertained of its doing further damage than consuming the oil in the still. The loss could not be ascertained. The "Standard" is owned by Messrs. Lockhart & Frew.

Letter Carriers' Report.

The following are the reports of the Letter Carriers for the month of August.

PITTSBURGH.	*Delivered.*	*Collected.*
Mail Letters	103,880	80,427
Drop Letters	10,742	16,863
Newspapers	35,512	2,738
ALLEGHENY.		
Mail Letters	36,033	13,895
Drop Letters	5,147	
Newspapers	21,213	611

"The Pittsburgh Real Estate Register."—Farmers and others having lands for sale or exchange will find the above publication an excellent medium by which they can bring their property before the public. It is published by the enterprising Real Estate Agents, Croft and Phillips, No. 139 Fourth avenue, and will be sent by mail free to any one requesting it. The extensive Real Estate business done by this firm fully justifies them in using, and circulating *gratis*, a work of this kind. All information concerning their manner of doing business, will be found in the Register.

Forward your address and obtain a copy, or call at their office as above. dw

Linen Table Damasks,
Tea Napkins,
Dinner Napkins,
Embroidered Handkerchiefs,
Hemmed Handkerchiefs.
BATES & BELL'S.

A Rare Chance—The Hat store for sale by E. R. Wilson. See advertisement. tf

Real Estate! Real Estate!!—A. Leggate, auctioneer, invites the special attention of buyers to the fine list of city and suburban property he has at present for sale. The good property of Mr. Agnew, near Haysville, is to be sold by auction on Monday next. For descriptive advertisement see seventh page. For description and inspection of fine properties on North, Grant, Lincoln, and Western avenues, Beech, Sheffield and Anderson streets, call at Mr. Leggate's office, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

The language of nature and experience demonstrates that whoever would enjoy the pleasures of food, the beauties of landscape, the joys of companionship, the riches of literature, or the honors of station and renown, *must preserve their health.* The effect of foul, injurious food, entering the stomach, is to derange the digestive organs and produce headache, loss of appetite, unrefreshing sleep, low spirits, feverish burnings, etc., which are the symptoms of that horrid disease, *Dyspepsia*, which assumes a thousand shapes, and points toward a miserable life and premature decay. PLANTATION BITTERS will prevent, overcome and counteract all of these effects. They act with unerring power, and are taken with the pleasure of a beverage.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

A Fair Trial will convince every lady who uses it that Milk of Violets is the most elegant and effectual dosmetic ever produced by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. Brinckerhoff, N. Y., sole Wholesale Agents.

Black Alpacas,
Hoop Skirts,
Swisses,
Jaconets,
Tarlatans. BATES & BELL'S.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

AT Oak Grove, Wisconsin, on Sunday week, Mr. Richard Hayland was exhibiting his horses to two visitors, and, to show their good qualities, hitched them to a McCormick reaper, which he mounted, and started his team. The horses started up suddenly, the machine struck a stone, Mr. Hayland was thrown from his seat, was struck by the reel, falling on the platform and ground. The sickle struck him on the top of the head, cutting his hat about the middle, passing downward diagonally, severing the ear from the scalp, cutting the carotid artery, and the arm just above the wrist, and through the chest, exposing to view the lungs, and cutting the suspender on the back nearly in two. Instantly the men sprang to his assistance, but he was dead when taken from the machine.

—The *United Irishman* publishes an editorial relative to the brutal treatment of Fenian prisoners, twenty-two in all, in England. One, named Cooney, has been driven mad, and another, named Hayden, beaten until his life has been despaired of. The tale of cruelties and indignities heaped upon the prisoners has produced great excitement among Irish citizens. Other revelations are promised.

—The Private Club stable, on Broad street, Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night, and only one out of about forty valuable horses rescued, and that one badly scorched. Several carriages were saved, but a large number destroyed. The loss is estimated at $40,000.

—Charles S. Archer and other well known merchants of New York city, were arraigned before the United States Commissioner on Tuesday, charged with making fraudulent returns of revenue. The defendants claim that "black mail" is at the bottom of the affair.

—The commencement exercises of Brown University, Providence, R. I., took place yesterday. The graduating class delivered orations in the First Baptist church, in the presence of an unusual number of the Alumni and friends of the University.

DIED:

GILL—On Tuesday, August 31st, at 8½ o'clock P. M., WALTER JAMES GILL, only son of Wm. and Margaretta Gill, aged 17 years, 1 month and 14 days.

Funeral TO-DAY, at 1½ o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 116 Market street, Allegheny.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2 00 each.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & FOEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $8 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

JOSEPH MEYER & SON,
UNDERTAKERS,
No. 424 PENN STREET.
Carriages for Funerals, $2.00 Each.
COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at reduced rates. au7

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a splendid stock of
Watches, Jewelry, Silverware,
OPTICAL GOODS, &c.,
I am now prepared to offer them at greatly reduced prices. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
W. G. DUNSEATH,
Jeweller, No. 58 Fifth Avenue,
au28; Opposite Masonic Hall.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALL,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his
SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9